

# SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXIV NO. 27

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915

PRICE TWO CENTS

## SEYMOUR POLICE AID IN MAN HUNT

**Murderer of Frank McKinsey, North  
Vernon Policeman, Escapes  
After Shooting.**

**ACCOMPANIED BY COMPANION**

**Authorities Believe Men Were Impli-  
cated in Shooting Affair at  
Sellersburg Thursday.**

Search of the railroad yards, hobo camps and other likely places of refuge was made by the local police today for the murderer of Frank McKinsey, a policeman at North Vernon, who was shot and instantly killed shortly after 11 o'clock Friday night at the B. & O. Southwestern passenger depot at that place. The stranger who fired the fatal shot was accompanied by a companion and it is believed that the two men are traveling together. After the shooting the men ran from the station and disappeared in the darkness. Police officers and sheriffs in the adjoining counties were immediately notified over long distance telephone of the tragedy and asked to watch for the men. Neither had been apprehended this afternoon.

McKinsey, who was about forty years of age, entered the railway station and found the two men, the smaller one lying on the seats as if he were sleeping. The officer told the larger man that it was against police rules for them to be there and ordered them from the city. Before permitting them to go, however, the policeman approached the larger man and started to search him.

When the stranger learned what the policeman intended to do he jumped back and drew a revolver from his pocket. He fired three times, one bullet striking the officer in the arm and the other two entering his body. One of the steel jacketed bullets penetrated his heart and he died instantly. After the shooting the men ran towards the door and in their hurry to escape fell but jumped to their feet and ran across the track. The telegraph operator heard the shooting and ran to the ticket window in time to see the officer fall to the floor and the strangers run across the track and disappear.

The operator gave the alarm immediately and in a few minutes quite a number of people assembled at the station and a posse tried to locate the murderer and his comrade, but were unsuccessful. It is thought that they concealed themselves in the yards until the posse was disbanded and then boarded a freight train. In the meantime the officers there telephoned to all the surrounding cities and towns asking that all inbound trains be watched. The local night officers searched every inbound train from the east but were unable to find any men that answered the description. It is reported that the murderer used a 45-caliber revolver.

It is confidently believed that the two men are connected with either the shooting affair at Sellersburg Thursday night or the Vevay post-office robbery and possibly both. It is probably that they had some money with them that would furnish a clue of a recent burglary and did not want to risk an arrest. The fact

that they shot the policeman on such a slight provocation confirms the belief that they were guilty of a robbery or crime somewhere and believed that the policeman intended to hold them.

McKinsey had been a member of the North Vernon police force for about four years. He was known to a number of people here and came to Seymour several times on business connected with the police department. Before he accepted a place on the police force he was employed in the glass factory at North Vernon and lived in Jennings county many years.

**NO HOPE GIVEN FOR RECOVERY  
OF SELLERSBURG MARSHAL**

**Alleged Yeggmen Who Escaped After  
Shooting May Have Gone to  
North Vernon.**

The condition of John Harris, town marshal of Sellersburg, who was shot by alleged robbers Thursday night, remains serious and hope for his recovery has been abandoned. He was shot after he attempted to search two men who were believed to have attempted to rob a saloon there. The description of the men closely resembles the two who are wanted at North Vernon for the murder of Policeman Frank McKinsey Friday night. A reward of \$500 for the arrest of the men is offered.

In a statement to James S. Keigwin, of Jeffersonville, acting as deputy prosecuting attorney Friday, Marshal Harris said he came upon the two men near a blacksmith shop and asked them what they were doing. One of the men asked him what he was doing and immediately opened fire.

A "pinchbar," nippers and other things had been taken from the blacksmith shop and Chief of Police Wall, of Jeffersonville, is confident the men were yeggmen and intended robbing Popp's saloon or some other place in Sellersburg.

An overturned auto found near McCulloch's crossing, west of Jeffersonville, which was thought to have been abandoned by the robbers in their flight, turned out to be the property of a New Albany man who, with a party of friends, visited Jeffersonville Thursday night. In returning to New Albany the machine skidded at a curve and went down an embankment near the home of Charles K. Boyer. None of the occupants was hurt and the car was not damaged. Deputy Sheriff Taftling was guarding the auto yesterday when the owner appeared and explained the situation. The car was pulled up to the road, righted and driven away.

**Notice, Loyal Order of Moose.**

Notice is hereby given, that all members of Seymour Lodge, No. 1123, L. O. O. M., will meet at the hall Sunday, January 17, at 1 p. m. sharp to attend the funeral of Bro. Thos. Tucker. The roll will be called and absentees noted and same will be fined \$1.00 unless a legal excuse is given.

Committee.

**Notice Eagles.**

All members requested to meet at hall at one o'clock sharp Sunday, to attend the funeral of Bro. Thomas Tucker.

j16d Joe Steele, Sec'y.

Coming Tuesday at Majestic, "Zudora," Thanhouser's greatest photoplay.

All hair cuts 20c; shave and neck shave 10c. Sprenger Barber Shop. j2d&w-tf

## SPEAKER IS NAMED FOR FIRST MEETING

**Rev. E. C. Wareing, of Cincinnati Will  
Address Men's Union Meeting  
Sunday, Jan. 24.**

**SPEAKER WELL KNOWN HERE**

**Committee Arranging For Other  
Prominent Men and Will An-  
nounce List Soon.**

The committee in charge of securing speakers for the Men's Union Meetings proposed for Sunday afternoons through the remainder of the winter months, announce that they have secured the Rev. Ernest C. Wareing, associate editor of the Western Christian Advocate, published at Cincinnati, to address the first meeting, which will be held Sunday afternoon, January 24th, at 2:30 o'clock in the Majestic theatre.

Dr. Wareing, who is a son-in-law of J. H. Matlock, of this city, is recognized as a forceful speaker of much ability, and his lecture, "The Man Who Bought a Lot in Sodom," which he will deliver here, is said to contain a helpful and inspiring message, and has been enthusiastically received wherever it has been delivered. The committee feel that they are fortunate in securing Mr. Wareing, for the first meeting and are making arrangements to secure several other strong talkers for the meetings which will be held on the following Sundays. The plan is to hold the meetings each Sunday afternoon up until spring, but it is possible that a few Sundays may be missed.

Several speakers are being corresponded with and among those who have consented to come is Chas. F. Coffin, a prominent lawyer and Y. M. C. A. worker of Indianapolis. The committee hopes to be able to give out a complete list of the speakers at an early date.

The various committees appointed at the recent meeting of the Ministerial Association will meet Wednesday night to make final preparation for the opening of the meetings. The entertainment committee is arranging a program of special music for the occasion, and an enjoyable afternoon is assured. The meetings are for all men and boys and an especial invitation is made to the young men of the city, whether affiliated with any church or not, to attend. The meetings are non denominational, and the speakers are to be selected both from the clergy and the laymen. There will be no admission, and the expenses of the meetings, which will be small, will be raised by free will offerings.

Both the ministers and the committees who have charge of the arrangements, have received many inquiries concerning the meetings and are indicative of a successful series of meetings. It is hoped that the meetings will grow in popularity and that they may be made an annual affair in the city. Wherever they have been instituted they have proved an important factor in the moral and spiritual uplift of the community.

Coming Tuesday at Majestic, "Zudora," Thanhouser's greatest photoplay.

Seymour Business College Phone 403

## DREAMLAND

No. 1—"THE HIDDEN MESSAGE"

(American Melodrama)

No. 2—"FATTY'S WINE PARTY"

(Keystone Comedy)

No. 3—"A MESSAGE OF GLADNESS"

and "NATURE'S CELEBRITIES"

(Than. Com. Drama and Edu.)

Next Week a new line of pictures.

In Silver Given Away Each

**\$5 THURSDAY \$5**

**NIGHT**

## SMOKE SAVERS

Our leading 5 cent cigars, including Cinco, San Felice, Cubanola, New Bachelor, Lygia, Fortune Queen, Money Winner, Black Raven and 1910.

3 for 10c.

8 for 25c.

Friday and Saturday.

**F.H. Gates & Son**

## BRANAMAN URGES ADOPTION OF RULE

**Provides that Bills and Resolutions  
Once Killed Cannot be Acted  
Upon at This Session.**

**OPPOSITION FROM NIBLACK**

**House Leaders Say Such a Rule  
Would Keep Bills Not Passed  
from Reaching the Governor.**

John C. Branaman, Jackson county's representative in the lower branch of the Indiana legislature and majority floor leader, took an active part yesterday afternoon in the debate on the adoption of a rule which prevents a bill resolution once killed from being acted upon again at this session. Such a rule was adopted by the legislature of 1911 but was dropped in 1913 upon the motion of Mason J. Niblack, house parliamentarian. Niblack was opposed to have the rule adopted again by this session.

Branaman was in favor of the proposed rule and said:

"This same question, pertaining to this rule was considered at greater length by the rules committee than any other one."

He said the unanimous opinion of the committee had been that the rule should be incorporated in the list.

"It was not in the rules of the 1913 house, and by reason of this fact two bills were allowed to slip through here and go down to the Governor for his signature that had not been passed by the house," he said. "If the rule had been in force the two bills concerning which so much has been said and over which so much criticism has been aroused would not have reached the Governor."

The rule, he said, does not apply to committee reports, but merely to bills and resolutions officially dead.

"I think, gentlemen, it is the wisest provision we can make and is the most necessary provision to protect the members and officers of this house," he said.

The purpose of the rule is to prevent bills that were never passed from being sent to the governor for his signature. It is said that if the rule had been in force two years ago the celebrated bills which were never passed and which reached the governor would not have been enrolled. The report of the committee was adopted by a overwhelming vote.

Branaman was a member of the rules committee and said that the one which caused the debate was considered longer than any of the others. Another change provides that whenever reports of committees on bills they have had under consideration are returned to the house, they shall not be acted upon at once, but shall be read and filed for action by the house on second reading. This represents another innovation. The purpose of this change in the rules is to give the member whose bill may be reported unfavorably from committee a chance to investigate the causes of its having been killed in committee, and prepare to make whatever fight he desires when the bill comes up for second reading.

This will have the effect of making important the second reading of indefinitely postponed bills, where,

heretofore, the second reading of the majority of bills has been more or less perfunctory.

A change in Rule 30 makes it the imperative duty of the committees on engrossed bills and on enrolled bills to compare the bills with the original copies of the measures and to make a written report on each bill to the house.

Rule 31 provides that the reports of the committee on engrossed bills and those of the committee on enrolled bills shall be inscribed on the journal of the house.

**FRENCH GOVERNMENT  
DENIES GERMAN VICTORY**

**Declares that Soissons Engagement  
was of Little Consequence—  
Three Brigades Engaged.**

By United Press.

Paris, January 16.—The government this afternoon issued a sharp note taking direct issue with the German claims of a great victory in the vicinity of Soissons. There is absolutely no basis for any such claims, the war office says.

"As a matter of fact the German attempt to make a great victory out of the Soissons engagement is entirely a feat of the imagination. We had less than three brigades engaged. We were unable to re-enforce them because of the washing away of the bridges by the flood," was the statement issued by the war office.

**FURTHER GERMAN SUCCESSES  
IN SOISSONS REGION CLAIMED**

**First Line Trenches and Forces  
Holding Them Captured After  
Counter Attack.**

By United Press.

Berlin, January 16.—Further German successes near Arras where the German counter attacked with such vigor that they captured the first line trenches and their contents, were reported today. There has been a lull in the fighting northwest of Soissons.

**SENATORS IN CLASH OVER  
PROHIBITION AMENDMENT**

**Vice-President Marshall Finds it  
Necessary to Sound Gavel When  
Caustic Reports Are Made.**

By United Press.

Washington, January 16.—Vice President Marshall had to intervene today when senators met in a clash over the District of Columbia prohibition amendment. Senator Shepard, who offered the amendment, characterized the tactics of Senator James as unfair, "but not more unfair than those employed by the saloon forces all through the fight."

At this point the vice-president sounded the gavel for reports were so numerous that they were intelligible.

**Sunday Dinner.**

at the

Palace Restaurant.

Roast Turkey Oyster Dressing

Mashed Potatoes; Peas,

Lettuce,

Cranberry Sauce, Peach Ice Cream,

Wafers, Coffee.

35 cents.

Mrs. Lester McKinney left today for a few days' visit with relatives at Indian Springs and to also attend the wedding of her sister, Miss Maude McCullough.

Fresh oysters. Kelly's Lunch Stand. n3d-tf

Fresh typewriter ribbons. J. H. EuDaly. j2d

## Talk About Prices

Quality is our first consideration.

Our prices are evenly balanced on a close margin. The following are not specials, but a list taken from our regular every day prices:

Large Can Hominy for.....05c

Creamery Butter, per lb.....35c

Crackers, 2 pounds.....15c

Corn.....2 for 15c to 2 for 25c

Peas, 3 cans.....25c

Good Prunes, per pound.....10c

Dry Peaches, 3 pounds.....25c

Pet Milk, 3 and 6 for.....25c

Borden Milk, large, 2 for.....15c

Borden Milk, small, 3 for.....10c

Ivy Raisens, 2 lbs for.....25c

"King's Kup" Quality Coffee, lb. 30c

**L. L. BOLLINGER**

**PHONE 170**

## RUSSIANS SWEEP TURKISH FORCES

**Eight Transports Reported to Have  
Been Sunk by Czar's Black  
Sea Fleet.**

**MANY OF TROOPS DROWNED**

**Sixty-Seventh Turkish Regiment An-  
nihilated and Few Surviving  
Officers Captured.**

By United Press.

Petrograd, January 16.—Another sweeping Russian victory over the Turkish forces in the Caucasus was announced today. Eight transports conveying Turkish troops from Natoria were reported to have been sunk by the Russian Black Sea Fleet. Nothing is known of the facts of the troops but it is believed many were drowned.

At the same time the Turkish Eleventh Army Corps and a portion of the Tenth which was trying to reform near Kara Urgan have been completely defeated. The fighting there was declared by official reports to have been desperate and to have resulted in enormous Turkish losses.

The Sixty-seventh Turkish regiment was annihilated by fierce bayonet charges. It is said only a few officers and men were left alive and they were captured after the battle. The total number of prisoners taken in this engagement exceeded 5,000. In addition there were captured fourteen guns, 10,000 head of cattle and an enormous quantity of supplies.

**CONSTANTINOPLE IN FEVER  
HEAT BECAUSE OF REVERSES**

**Anti-government Plot Discovered by  
the Officials and a Number of  
Leaders Are Arrested.**

By United Press.

Constantinople, Jan. 16.—Learning for the first time today of the Turkish reverses in the Caucasus the residents of the capital expressed indignation against the cabinet and especially against Ever Pasha.

The situation is believed to be serious. An anti-government plot has been discovered and a number of arrests made. Indignation runs high as a result of the heavy losses.

**FRENCH, REENFORCED, HOLD  
GERMANS NEAR THE AISNE**

**Kaiser's Forces Succeed in Retaking  
Trenches Recently Lost to the  
Enemy.**

By United Press.

Paris, Jan. 16.—The new French artillery rushed to the Aisne is holding the Germans in check. In the territory from Soissons to Rheims it is doing very effective work, according to reports received today.

The French, however, have been unable to maintain their advantage at Notre Dame Lorette near Carey. It is admitted that the Germans have retaken their trenches there which were captured by the French early this week. The French, however, are making steady but slow progress at Blagny.

Anseo Cameras \$2.00 to \$25.00. We have them in stock. Platter & Co.

## MAJESTIC

**TONIGHT**

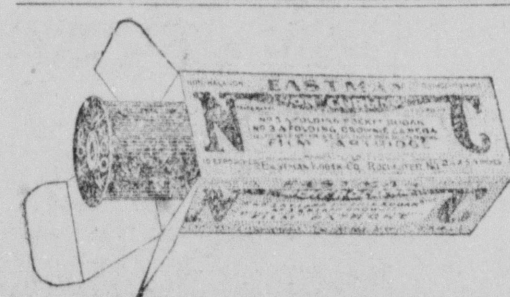
"EARLE & REEDE"—Comedy Entertainers, presenting a novelty offering entitled: "The Long and Short of It," introducing Singing, Talking, Grotesque Dancing and "Whirlwind Mississippi Tango."

(A) & (B) "WHO GOES THERE?" (Two-part Edison Comedy Drama) featuring Augustus Phillips, Walter E. Perkins and Harry Eyttinge.

(C) "HEARST-SELIG NEWSPIC-TORIAL" No. 87 (Selig News) The picture that shows what both sides of the world are doing.

Coming Monday—Arthur Johnson in the 13th episode of "The Beloved Adventurer," also Miss Alice Joyce in one of Kalem's most recent two-part photoplays.

Prices: Lower Floor 10c; Balcony 5c  
REMEMBER \$5.00 IN GOLD GIVEN  
AWAY EACH FRIDAY NIGHT.



**LET US FINISH WHAT  
YOUR XMAS KODAK BEGUN**

We are just as anxious as you are to get the most from every exposure. We know how to develop and print your negatives to do this.

The first step toward good pictures is to use the best film—Eastman W. C. film—the kind shown above. No difference what camera you use get the best film.

Eastman film made the kodak famous.

We develop free the film we sell.

**CARTER'S  
DRUG STORE.**

## To Protect The Depositor

is the first duty of a bank; for that reason the ample capital and surplus and conservative business methods of the Seymour National Bank constitute its strongest claim for new business.

We pay you interest on your time deposits.

**Seymour National Bank**  
Member Federal Reserve Bank.



FRENCH OBLIGED TO GIVE GROUND

Germans Making Advances at Soissons.

BLOODY BATTLE IS STILL ON

Though the Defenders Have Been Compelled to Retire Somewhat, Paris Entertains No Fear of the Outcome, Holding That Germans Cannot Succeed in Breaking Through the Allied Lines.

Berlin, Jan. 16.—The German main army headquarters announces that as a result of the three days fighting northeast of Soissons about 5,200 prisoners, fourteen guns, six machine guns and some revolver guns were captured. The further announcement is made that the French suffered heavy losses, from 4,000 to 5,000 dead French soldiers being left on the battlefield.

London, Jan. 16.—The great battle at Soissons continues. The French have been obliged to retire somewhat, but have begun a new offensive movement and have taken the town of St. Paul, northeast of Soissons. No fear is entertained in Paris that the Germans will succeed in breaking through the allied lines, even if they succeed in capturing Soissons itself. Allies have advanced on the road from Arras to Lille, and in the Argonne as well.

The German general staff announces the capture of six villages north of Soissons, including Curries and Coruy. The north bank of the Aisne, northeast of Soissons, has been cleared of French troops. The battle of Soissons is likened to the battle of Gravelotte in 1870. In East Prussia there is no change, while in Poland German attacks are progressing.

Russians Report Advance.

The Russian general staff reports the repulse of German attacks in the Lotzen district, the advance of the Russians on the right bank of the lower Vistula and a new victory near the captured town of Serpez.

A statement given out by the Belgian minister says the Belgian town of Courtrai has been fined \$2,500,000 because the citizens obeyed rules laid down by one German governor which his successor did not approve of. The rules had to do with the surrender of arms.

It is reported that the Turks who occupied Tabriz, in Persia, shot the Persian governors of three towns through which they marched. It is said Turkey has notified Persia she will abandon Tabriz as soon as the Russians are completely driven out.

Reports From Petrograd.

Petrograd, Jan. 16.—The following is the official statement: "Through Thursday night and Friday there was comparative calm on all the fronts. Insignificant German attempts to attack our advance posts in the Lotzen district were unsuccessful and after heavy losses the enemy was obliged to fall back on his position. On the right bank of the lower Vistula we continued on Thursday to press the German cavalry, which was only supported by small infantry units. The infantry, which we had driven out of Serpoz, occupied the fords of the Skrewa, but was unable to maintain itself there and continued to fall back to the northward under our pressure. On the left bank of the Vistula the Germans delivered their usual attacks in some sections, but nowhere with success."

SHE LEFT PATHETIC NOTE

Mother Wants Her Children Back When She Finds Work.

New York, Jan. 16.—A weeping boy of five was found standing guard over his three-year-old brother, cuddled up in a cocoon, outside of a department store. The older child said his mother had gone inside after kissing him and little brother, but she failed to reappear. A note in a woman's handwriting was found pinned to the lining of the older boy's coat:

"Pinder: Parties that are kind enough to take care of these two boys for two months; that is, until I find employment, will be appreciated if they would make the whereabouts of the children known in the newspapers, as I wish to have them back when I can help same."

"At the present time I am down to my last cent, and as work in New York is at a standstill, must go elsewhere. Therefore my babies must have a place while I am on the hunt."

The children were turned over to the Children's society.

Jamestown Suffers From Fire.

Jamestown, Ind., Jan. 16.—Fire that started in the Bale shoe store here destroyed property valued at about \$20,000. The loss to the Bale shoe store and stock amounts to \$4,000. The hardware building owned by Clark & Shaw suffered a loss of \$10,000. The building occupied by Houk & Winter was also destroyed, causing \$2,000 loss. Falling walls worked more damage than the fire.

Ineffectual Attack on "Pork."

Washington, Jan. 16.—The river and harbor bill has been battered from all sides in the house debate, but so far not a single line has gone out.

THOMAS NELSON PAGE

American Ambassador at Rome Aids the Earthquake Sufferers.



Rome, Jan. 16.—Thomas Nelson Page, United States ambassador, paid a visit to the minister of the interior to express his personal sympathy and that of his country and to offer aid. He has sent members of the embassy staff to the Avezzano region with supplies, especially blankets.

ENGLAND ENTERS AN ENERGETIC PROTEST

Carranza Receives a Very Definite Note.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Characterized as "very strong," representations have been made at the state department by the British ambassador in protest against the action of Carranza in compelling British oil companies in the Tampico district to suspend operations.

Unless Carranza quickly yields to protests already sent to him from Washington against his action with reference to American, British and Dutch oil companies, the administration will be confronted with a critical situation.

The indications are that England is prepared to go to much greater lengths in regard to the oil situation in Tampico than ever before concerning Mexico because her naval and land forces are to a considerable degree dependent upon the Mexican oil fields for their petroleum. A stoppage of her oil supply from Tampico fields would, the British believe, compel her to find other sources, probably the United States, and pay a higher price and possibly menace her with a real shortage of oil.

May Put Carranza to Test.

The result of Ambassador Spring-Rice's conference with Mr. Bryan was that the ambassador sent directly to Carranza at Vera Cruz a protest against his action against the agents of the oil companies. In speaking of the American representations to Carranza in behalf of the oil companies, Mr. Bryan said that they pointed out to Carranza the "serious consequences which might result" from his treatment of the oil men. No response has yet been received.

Some of the oil men, it was learned, are in favor of the companies resuming operations and thus putting Carranza to the test as to whether he is prepared to use force to back up his decrees. Carranza has issued decrees making it impossible for operators to proceed unless they are willing to invite confiscation and destruction which Carranza is in a position to effect, as his people control the Tampico district.

CAMPAIGN ON WEST COAST

Villa Forces Will Operate From Three Different Directions.

El Paso, Jan. 16.—Following a conference with General Villa at Torreón, General Riveros, military governor of Sinaloa, has left to take charge of the west coast campaign. This movement will be made from three different directions at once.

Reports regarding the fighting around Monterey continue to differ. It is claimed by the Villistas that a combined force of more than 10,000 has surrounded the city. Reports have also been received by Villistas that the city has been evacuated.

New Order For Cabinet Meetings.

Washington, Jan. 16.—President Wilson inaugurated a new custom last night by holding a cabinet meeting in the White House study at 8 o'clock instead of in the executive office at 11 in the morning. It was announced that night meetings are to be the order on Friday night hereafter.

Wound Proved Fatal.

Indianapolis, Jan. 16.—Elmer C. Anderson, the policeman who was accidentally shot by George Stone, his partner, while the two were attempting to capture a mad dog, died at the city hospital.

ITALY'S WOE IS DAILY GROWING

Death List Increases With Each Hour.

DEFINITE ESTIMATE HOPELESS

It is Now Conceded the Number of Dead in Recent Quake Will Reach 30,000, With a List of 50,000 Injured, Many of Whom Will Die, and Only the Vaguest Figures Are Available in Some Districts.

Rome, Jan. 16.—Later information coming in from the provinces which suffered in the recent earthquake show that the number of deaths probably will exceed the first estimates of 20,000 and will perhaps be more than 30,000, with nearly 50,000 injured. These figures are based on the conditions found by the relief organizations in towns and villages near Rome, especially in Avezzano, which was entirely destroyed with a loss of life that may surpass 10,000. The authorities do not attempt even to estimate the casualties in Campania and the southern part of the province of the Abruzzi, where the under secretary of public works is organizing the relief work.

The same situation is true of the towns of Sora, fifteen miles southeast of Avezzano, Pescolongo, Castelliri, Atina and Isolari, where the mortality is supposed to have been greatest. The military are now engaged in opening up the railroads and highways to those places as yet unrelieved, as the district at Avezzano, where relief efforts have been systematized.

Outside Aid Declined.

Although the killed and injured are increasing, Italy has gone resolutely at the task of relief and is confident of handling the situation without outside aid. Offers from foreign countries have been declined with thanks, although American, French, British and other residents here are taking an active part. Fears that foreigners have lost their lives in the district have, been dispelled by careful inquiry, and it is certain that no Americans were killed, though some naturalized emigrants are probably among the victims. King Victor Emmanuel has been extremely active not only in directing the relief work, but actually participating in it himself.

One of the greatest perils now is the weather, which is very cold. Throughout the Abruzzi and Campania the entire populations of many abandoned towns and villages are camping in the open country, without food, shelter or protection of any sort from the bitter cold. Heavy reinforcements of troops and rescue and relief parties are trying to reach the inaccessible places and save the survivors, who are threatened with death from hunger and exhaustion, despite the admirable and rapid organization of relief, which still is insufficient.

Flood Menaces Ruined City.

A new peril now menaces stricken Avezzano. The earthquake overturned the stone statue of the Virgin on the bank of Lake Fucino. It fell into the emissarium which drains the lake and stopped up the waters so that a flood is feared, just as in previous years before the drainage system was put in. People who escaped the shock are now fleeing from the surrounding countryside, while an army of sappers is striving to remove the fallen statue and avert another catastrophe. The army sanitary corps is at work under the direction of the department of public health, taking active measures to prevent the possibility of epidemics and to superintend the burial of the dead. Of the many who have been taken alive from the ruins so far a large number have died, unable to stand the shock of injuries and exposure. The latest advices say that only 500 bodies have been recovered in Avezzano.

The whole population of Alba Fucense is believed to have perished. Every town in the Liri valley has been either totally destroyed or badly damaged. Out of 500 inhabitants in the town of Meso, 450 are said to have been killed.

BURIED BY AN AVALANCHE

Disaster in Switzerland Attributed to the Earthquake.

Geneva, Jan. 16.—Immense avalanches which occurred in the Alps are attributed to the Italian earthquake. The St. Gothard railway tunnel near Wassen was filled in and traffic between Germany and Italy is interrupted. The village of Overgestellen, in the canton of Valais, was buried, but it is believed the inhabitants escaped.

He Gave Up the Flight.

Kokomo, Ind., Jan. 16.—Bert Thatcher, alleged forger, who escaped from a train at Staples, Minn., when Barney Kelly, chief of police, was bringing him here from Winnipeg, Canada, was recaptured at a farmhouse five miles northwest of Staples. Thatcher offered no resistance to arrest. He was exhausted by exposure and by his exertions.

"Wets" Would Try It Again.

Rushville, Ind., Jan. 16.—Five petitions are being circulated here by the "wets" to call a local option election.

CARDINAL MERCIER

His Arrest Made the Subject of a Solemn Protest.

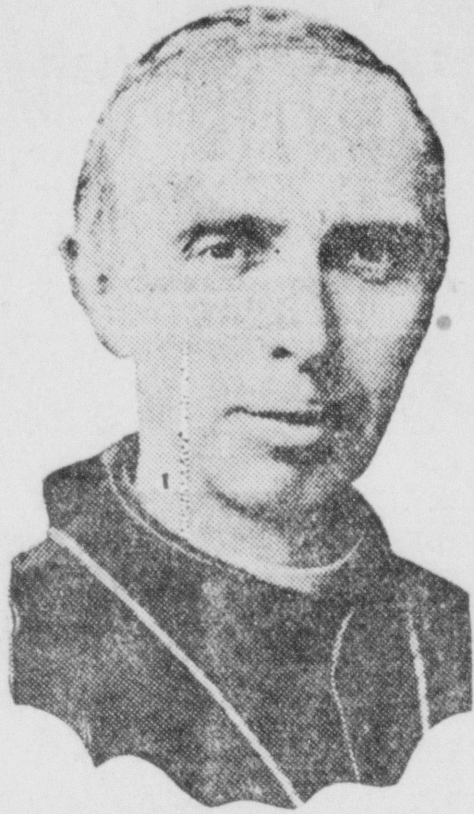


Photo by American Press Association.

Rome, Jan. 16.—It is said that the pope's allocation at the forthcoming consistory will deal with the arrest of Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, and hence will be practically a protest against Germany. This will assume additional solemnity in the presence of the sacred college.

HAD A ROOM FULL OF DEADLY STUFF

Enough of It to "Blow Up Half of New York."

New York, Jan. 16.—Basing their hasty and thorough search on information received through mysterious telephone messages, which warned them of a bomb "factory" somewhere on Lexington avenue, detectives canvassed several hundred houses along that street until they came to the home of William Marquardt at No. 145. There, in a room on the top floor formerly occupied by George Cesare, aged twenty-three, an electrician, they found a fully equipped chemical laboratory with enough ingredients, according to Inspector Owen Egan of the bureau of combustibles, to properly assemble, to "blow up half of New York."

Cesare is at present in the Tombs awaiting trial on a burglary charge preferred by Dr. Jurist, who has a research laboratory at 19 Park place, and who accuses the young man of stealing a valuable microscope.

Officers who visited Cesare's room found it fitted up as a scientific laboratory, with many evidences that the young man possessed remarkable knowledge concerning high power explosives. One document found indicated that Cesare had invented an electrical fuse which he had offered to the United States government for \$100,000 and that it had been tested at Fort Hamilton. There were several plans for submarines and for underwater fuses for torpedoes.

DISCLOSED HIS INSANITY

Authorities Let This Man Go Entirely Too Soon.

Hammond, Ind., Jan. 16.—John Krajacic, thirty-seven years old, who was sent to the Lake county jail at Crown Point two weeks ago when he was adjudged insane, was released yesterday. He went to his home in Indiana Harbor and unscrewed an iron wheel from a sewing machine and battered his wife's head with the weapon. She suffered fractures of the skull and was perhaps fatally wounded.

Krajacic was arrested and is now held as a criminal insane person.

VESSELS IN PRIZE COURTS

Proposition Now Is to Release Them on Bail.

Washington, Jan. 16.—Announcement of the willingness of the English to have vessels now before prize courts released on bail before a decision in their cases, has been made by the British embassy. The step is taken, it is declared, because of the desire of the British government not to reduce more than is necessary the amount of ship tonnage available for the world's carrying trade.

Private Yacht Burned.

Beaufort, N. C., Jan. 16.—By the burning of the private yacht Julia off the coast near Engelhard, J. W. Murray, president of the Piedmont Trust company, Mrs. W. E. Porch of Beaufort, G. P. Dodson of Norfolk and two members of the crew lost their lives. Mrs. Murray swam more than half a mile through the icy water and landed unhurt. She said the fire was due to an explosion caused by a leaking gasoline tank.

Fire in Winamac Opera House.

Winamac, Ind., Jan. 16.—Fire that started from an overheated stove in the Vurplatt opera house damaged the building several thousand dollars. The Shill store in the building suffered heavily.

SOLONS TAKE A HOLIDAY TODAY

Not Time Yet for Saturday Sessions.

WELL UP WITH ROUTINE WORK

With 63 Bills Thus Far Introduced in the House and 58 in the Senate, Legislators Are Not Hard Pressed, and Short Sessions Are Giving the Various Committees Plenty of Time to Talk Measures Over.

Indianapolis, Jan. 16.—Both houses of the general assembly adjourning yesterday over the week end, the halls of legislation are silent today. The senate will reconvene Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, but the house members will not resume their labors until the same hour Tuesday afternoon.

Both branches of the legislature are fairly well up with the routine business presented thus far in the session, and yesterday's session in both houses was brief, being confined to a roll call for bills and committee reports. Seven new bills were introduced in the senate, including one to restrain lobbyists, one to repeal the Lake county recorder law, improperly placed on the statutes at the last session; another registration bill and a bill to provide appeal when applications for receiver or injunction is denied.

In the house sixteen bills were introduced, including one providing for registration and licensing of lobbyists, another providing that county commissioners shall assume the duties of the county council and abolishing the county council, a bill exempting cemeteries not conducted for profit from taxation, a bill providing collection of damages against cities that pollute streams, a bill regulating shot fliers, and a bill to abolish township advisory boards. Thus far fifty-eight bills have been introduced in the senate and sixty-three in the house.

Workmen's Compensation.

Two bills to provide for a workmen's compensation law to which the Republican and Democratic parties were pledged by their state conventions last year will be introduced in the senate Monday afternoon by Senator Fred Van Nuys of Anderson. One of the bills was prepared by the Manufacturers' Association of Indiana and the other by representatives of the State Federation of Labor. Senator Van Nuys said that he will introduce both measures at the same time, giving both an equal chance. It is not likely that the commission appointed by Governor Ralston to frame a compensation bill will be able to reach an agreement.

In some important respects the bills prepared by the manufacturers and the labor unions are similar. The theory is largely the same, although the plan of administration is different. The labor representatives desire the establishment of a state insurance fund. The manufacturers' bill does not provide for a state insurance fund, but would make it necessary for the employers coming under the proposed act to give bond showing their ability to meet the benefits which the law compels, to be paid in case of death or injury.

The Constitutional Amendments.

The proposed constitutional amendments probably will be thrashed out among the Democratic senators early next week. The resolutions for the proposed amendments will be introduced in the senate Monday or Tuesday by Senator Van Nuys, the majority leader. Under the law there can be no changes to the proposed amendments as adopted at the 1913 session. They either must be adopted in their entirety or rejected in their entirety. Those adopted at this session will be submitted to the voters of the state at the next general election, or at a special election for that purpose, for ratification or rejection.

An arbitration bill, incorporating ideas advanced by the governor, who declared for such a measure in his message to the legislature, will be introduced as soon as a satisfactory bill can be prepared. The governor, because of his connection with the settlement with the Indianapolis street-car strike, is deeply interested in the subject of arbitration, and he has some ideas about what an arbitration bill ought to provide for. He will not dictate what bill shall be introduced, but he will have suggestions to offer.

Commends Careful Record.

Bills that become laws at this session of the Indiana legislature will have on their inside cover a record which will enable one to trace their course from introduction to the governor's signature. The record sets forth the vote in each house on the bill and the date of its enrollment over the signature of the enrolling clerk.

The first bill to pass all the stages of procedure was the legislative expense appropriation measure, and when it reached Governor Ralston the record was noted by him.

"I want to commend the careful way in which the legislature is handling its bills," the governor said. "The appropriation bill is the first measure to reach me, and I was able at a glance to trace its course in the legislature link by link, and it will provide a means for ready and accurate information for those who wish to know the details of enactment on any measure."

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Boston.....	38	Fog
New York.....	43	Clear
Indianapolis...	34	Clear
Chicago.....	38	Clear
St. Louis.....	54	Clear
Omaha.....	36	Cloudy
Denver.....	26	Snow
San Francisco..	44	Clear
New Orleans...	64	Clear
Washington...	44	Clear

Snow and much colder.

ANOTHER FEDERAL INQUIRY IMPENDING

Danville Politicians Growing Restless.

Danville, Ill., Jan. 16.—Among local politicians growing restlessness is apparent as the result of reports from unofficial sources that there is a certainty of a federal election investigation in this district. Newspapers which have hitherto remained silent concerning the proposed investigation are urging the matter now.

The continued absence of District Attorney Karsch from the city is believed to be momentous, and it is the opinion in certain quarters that his return will be the signal for the commencement of an investigation. Over twenty-five affidavits, it is said, certifying irregularities in the 1912 election are in Karsch's possession.

MOB NO RESPECTER OF SEX

Two Women Included Among Victims of Georgians' Wrath.

Monticello, Ga., Jan. 16.—A mob composed of about 100 unidentified persons stormed the Jasper county jail here, overpowered the sheriff, took the keys away from him, got possession of four negro prisoners, a man, his two daughters and one son, and, marching them to a tall pine tree half a mile distant, lynched them one at a time. The negroes were hanged by the same rope and the body of each was riddled with bullets.

The victims of the mob had been arrested for roughly handling the chief of police of Monticello, who had gone to their home to raid a "blind tiger" which he had been informed was operated there.

PROHIBITION IN SENATE

Old-Fashioned Debate on the Subject Enlivens Things.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The senate was enlivened by an old-fashioned debate on the prohibition question.

Senator Martine of New Jersey was opposed to all such legislation. He furnished most of the enjoyment of the debate. He roused Senator Bristow, from the prohibitionist state of Kansas, until that gentleman cast aspersions upon the social and moral condition of New Jersey as compared with Kansas.

Marshal Shot by Stranger.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 16.—John Harris, aged forty-five, marshal of Sellersburg, was probably fatally wounded when attempting to arrest two men who were attempting to enter a blacksmith shop. Harris called to them to come with him, and one turned and fired.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Indianapolis, Jan. 16.

Cattle—Steady, lower; steers, \$6.20 @ 8.75; heifers, \$5 @ 7.25; cows, \$3 @ 6.25; calves, \$4.50 @ 10.50; bulls, \$5 @ 6.50.

Hogs—Active; best heavies, \$6.85 @ 7; bulk of sales, \$6.90 @ 7; lights, \$6.90 @ 7.10; roughs, \$6.25 @ 6.50; pigs, \$6 @ 7.10.

Sheep—Steady to strong; good to choice, \$4.50 @ 5; common to medium, \$2.50 @ 4.25; lambs, \$6 @ 8.50; bucks, \$3 @ 4.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 16.

Cattle—Active. Prime steers, \$8.75 @ 9; butchers, \$8 @ 8.25; veals, active, \$4 @ 12.

Hogs—Slow, steady; heavies, \$6.90 @ 7; mixed, \$6.90 @ 7; Yorkers, \$7.50 @ 7.25; pigs, \$7.30 @ 7.40; roughs, \$6.15 @ 6.25; stags, \$5.50 @ 6.

Sheep and Lambs—Active; sheep, steady; lambs, \$5 @ 8.60; yearlings, \$5 @ 7.50; wethers, \$6 @ 6.50; ewes, \$3.50 @ 5.75; sheep, mixed, \$5.50 @ 6.

Chicago, Jan. 16.

Cattle—Steady; native steers, \$5.65 @ 6.40; western, \$4.85 @ 7.50; cows and heifers, \$3 @ 8.10; calves, \$7.50 @ 10.50.

Hogs—Steady; bulk, \$6 @ 6.85; light, \$6.50 @ 6.90; mixed, \$6.50 @ 6.90; heavy, \$6.50 @ 6.90; rough, \$6.50 @ 6.60; pigs, \$5.25 @ 6.80.

Sheep—Firm; sheep, \$5.65 @ 6.30; yearlings, \$6.60 @ 7.45; lambs, \$6.65 @ 8.35.

Cincinnati, Jan. 16.

Cattle—Steady; steers, \$6 @ 8; heifers, \$4.50 @ 7.50; cows, \$3.25 @ 6; calves, \$5 @ 10.

Hogs—Active; packers and butchers, \$6.70 @ 6.95; pigs and lights, \$5 @ 7; stags, \$1.25 @ 5.

Sheep—Strong, \$2.75 @ 6; lambs, lower; \$6 @ 8.75.

Toledo, Jan. 16.

Wheat—\$1.45; corn, 74 1/2c; oats, 55 1/2c.



DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



First thing you know Aunt May is liable to start something

# NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

## TAX LEVY FOR THE YEAR 1914

Jackson County

Brownstown, Ind., January 1, 1915.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Taxpayers of Jackson county, that I have received the Tax Duplicates of the County Auditor, and that I will attend at the Treasurer's office, as the law directs, for the purpose of receiving taxes now due.

Rates of Taxation in Jackson County, Indiana, for the Year 1914; Payable in 1915.

Number	Townships, City and Town Corporations	By General Assembly			By County Council and County Commissioners			By Township Advisory Boards, School and Town Trustees and City Council										Total Poll Taxes		Total Tax Levy	
		County	State	Local	County	State	Local	County	State	Local	County	State	Local	County	State	Local	County	State	Local	County	State
1	DRIFTWOOD	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	06.15	20.50	04.14	33.02	2.00	1.02	98.2	00	2.40	1.30	1.10	1.50	2.40	1.30
2	GRASSY FORK	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	12.25	18.05	15.56	03.03	2.40	1.30	1.10	1.50	2.40	1.30	1.10	1.50	2.40	1.30
3	BROWNSTOWN	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	09.14	16.03	20.06	06.06	1.74	89	85.1	50	2.34	1.32	1.02	2.25	2.34	1.32
4	WASHINGTON	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	20.10	25.08	25.10	25.60	2.34	1.32	1.02	2.25	2.34	1.32	1.02	2.25	2.34	1.32
5	JACKSON	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	06.10	10.09	02.02	02.02	1.45	73	72.1	50	1.62	81	81.1	50	1.62	81
6	REDDING	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	08.10	12.00	26.00	01.01	1.88	94	94.2	50	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20
7	VERNON	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	14.23	22.50	10.50	05.05	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20
8	HAMILTON	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	05.25	50.15	50.36	01.01	1.88	94	94.2	50	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20
9	CARR	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	07.27	34.04	47.03	03.02	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20	1.02	2.00	2.30	1.20
10	OWEN	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	15.40	48.50	04.60	07.07	2.80	1.42	1.38	2.00	2.80	1.42	1.38	2.00	2.80	1.42
11	SALT CREEK	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	20.25	50.05	54.05	05.05	2.70	1.38	1.32	1.50	2.70	1.38	1.32	1.50	2.70	1.38
12	SEYMOUR CITY	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	35.25	42.25	09.18	02.06	3.56	1.78	1.78	2.50	3.56	1.78	1.78	2.50	3.56	1.78
13	BROWNSTOWN COR	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	45.25	50.75	20.14	06.06	96.75	3.37	1.70	1.61	2.25	96.75	3.37	1.70	1.61	2.25
14	CROTHERSVILLE COR	07.50	10.15	136.50	07.01	405.50	20.054	50.50	50.25	50.05	05.05	90.25	3.51	1.76	1.75	2.00	90.25	3.51	1.76	1.75	2.00

The treasurer is guided in his duties by the statutes of Indiana, from which there is no relief. Do not ask him to violate his oath of office. Taxes are due January 1st and payable at this office in full or at the option of the taxpayer, one-half, including Road Tax in full, on or before the first Monday in May, 1915, and the remaining one-half on or before the first Monday in November, 1915.

If the first installment is not paid within the limit set by law, the taxes for the entire year are then due and delinquent, and ten per cent. penalty is extended by the Auditor and charged to the Treasurer. The State is interested in this extension, and the Auditor and Treasurer are both personally liable for any penalties that might be refunded. Under no circumstances can the Treasurer after the duplicate. He cannot make reductions in taxes, and he cannot refund money after once paid in. All errors must be corrected by the Auditor.

Assignees, Guardians, Administrators, and others who pay taxes on property in trust, and those whose taxes are complicated, will save valuable time by rendering a statement of the same to the Treasurer as early as convenient, in order to make the proper divisions and to correct computation apportionment of taxes on such estates.

Ditch Tax payments expire June 1st and December 1st of each year. Unpaid Ditch Taxes are subject to same penalty as other taxes.

No Receipts Will Be Made Out For Any Party Until Payment Is Tendered.

As the Treasurer cannot know the location of each person's property, Taxpayers should designate the property on which they wish to pay, and see that all property is included in their receipts. If they have land in more than one township or corporation, or desire to pay taxes on lands or lots not in their name call the Treasurer's attention to the matter.

Carefully examine receipts before leaving the office and if any errors are evident have them corrected at once.

The Treasurer's office is sure to be crowded to its fullest capacity during the last week of tax collections by persons who are compelled, by force of circumstances, to postpone payment until the limited time; therefore, those Taxpayers who can arrange earlier payment are earnestly requested to do so. We ask this not for ourselves, but for those who are compelled to wait.

The tax duplicate is not a transfer book and when for any one year the tax duplicate is made with reference to the property on the first day of March of said year, the duplicate remains forever unchanged as to showing of property, and in whose name, changes on the transfer books, or prompt recording to the contrary notwithstanding. Property will appear in the same name for the payment of the second installment as for the first installment.

The clerk at the window may not readily remember the circumstances connected with your property. Save time by simply stating NAME and TOWNSHIP or CORPORATION, and whether property is personal or real estate or both.

The Treasurer will not be responsible for penalties and charges on Delinquent Tax resulting from the omission of the person paying such tax to state definitely on what property, in whose name and in what township or corporation it was assessed.

The owner of the property on the first day of March in any year shall be liable for taxes of that year. The purchaser of the property on the first day of March shall be considered the owner on that day.—(Sec. 103.)

COUNTY WARRANTS WILL NOT BE PAID TO PERSONS OWING DELINQUENT TAXES. ALL PERSONS ARE WARNED AGAINST PURCHASING THEM.

Persons owing ditch tax must be prepared to pay the same, as it will go delinquent with penalty and interest and is collectible as Receipts of Road tax worked out are now turned in direct by the Trustees of the various townships, and promptly credited on the May installment of tax to such persons interested.

THE ANNUAL SALE OF DELINQUENT LANDS AND LOTS WILL TAKE PLACE ON THE SECOND MONDAY OF FEBRUARY, 1915, AT 10 A. M.

Communications by mail requiring an answer should contain self addressed stamped envelope.

Brownstown, Ind., January 1st, 1915.

JOHN E. BELDING, Treasurer of Jackson County.

### Basket Ball.

Basket Ball is an interesting and highly exciting winter sport combining all the fine points of football, wrestling, fencing, boxing, high jumping and sprinting. It is indulged in by healthy young animals of the high school variety, who find in it an excellent medium for work-

ing off surplus energy, much superior to the old-fashioned exercise of splitting wood, carrying in coal, etc. It is a cross between a wrestling match and a general track meet. It is an abbreviated edition of a Belgian-German scrap, and has a football game hopelessly out-classed. It is a second cousin to the well known game of shinny, the sticks being the main difference.

A team is composed of five regular players and an indefinite and unlimited number of reserves, or substitutes, whose only hope to get to the firing line is in one of the standing army being mortally wounded or making a bone head play. A referee, whose duty is to pull the combatants apart when they engage in a hand to hand encounter, and to blow a little whistle which he carelessly hangs on

the southeast corner of his lower lip, is also required. He is supposed to know something about the game, although this is not absolutely necessary. He is also supposed to see foul plays, unless the home team happens to make one, when to the home crowd, to call one on them is nothing short of treason. When the whistle sounds the opening of hostilities, the referee

tosses the helpless ball into the air and the opposing players leap into the atmosphere, using each other for ladders, and fight for possession of the sphere. The poor fellow who gets it is immediately jumped upon by a half dozen young human hyenas, thrown to the floor, or tossed over to the side wall, tramped on, kicked a few times, or dragged along the floor until he finally lets go of the ball. Unlike football, he could run with it. When a frightened football player gets hold of the ball he can turn and run, and the faster he runs the better, both for his own safety and the success of his team. But in basket ball his only resort is the forward, or backward, pass, or a goal kick with his fists. To hold the ball is to invite a broken head or a disfigured countenance. About the time a player thinks he has a chance to put the ball into the basket, he is struck by a human battering ram from behind, and the next minute the referee is asking whether there is a doctor in the house. The fight is resumed, as soon as the brave hero has been revived and a fresh substitute given a chance to earn undying fame, and the scrimmage continued until one side finally gets the ball into the basket. Then the fun begins all over again.

As in most other games, the side which scores the most points wins. Basket ball is not a girl's game, although they sometimes indulge in it. Their games are about as exciting as a fiercely contested game of checkers. Basket ball, even from the spectator's standpoint, can not be recommended for those suffering with nervous debility or heart disease, as it has anything but a soothing effect on frayed nerves. But as a healthy outlet for youthful energy and enthusiasm it is par excellent.

One of the interesting features of a game is the rooting. The girls confine their cheering to hysterical screams and cries, but the young men gather in a circle, bend their heads toward the floor, and emit a sound which could be taken for either a Comanche Indian war whoop or a Japanese battle yell. These yells are intended to encourage the players, perhaps they do; but to the average spectator they seem the zero mark in energy investment.

Taken all in all, basket ball, while fully as exciting, is not as deadly as war, and is far more interesting than the good old games of cross tag and marbles.

### Excellent for Stomach Trouble.

"Chamberlain's Tablets are just fine for stomach trouble," writes Mrs. G. C. Dunn, Arnold, Pa. "I was bothered with this complaint for some time and frequently had bilious attacks. Chamberlain's Tablets afforded me great relief from the first, and since taking one bottle of them I feel like a different person." For sale by all dealers.

### Woman's Home Companion.

One of the striking contributions to the February Woman's Home Companion is an article by the Rev. Charles Stehle entitled "Making the Church Do Real Work," in which he considers the question of the high cost of salvation. He does not, of course, consider that the money cost per convert which a church pays is any evidence as to the efficiency or inefficiency of that church, but he does show wherein some churches are vastly superior to others in the service which they perform to a community. In any event, his article is highly entertaining and thought-provoking and will undoubtedly arouse considerable discussion.

### Biliousness and Constipation Cured.

If you are ever troubled with biliousness or constipation you will be interested in the statement of R. F. Erwin, Peru, Ind. "A year ago last winter I had an attack of indigestion followed by biliousness and constipation. Seeing Chamberlain's Tablets so highly recommended, I bought a bottle of them and they helped me right away." For sale by all dealers.

If you have Republican Advertising on your mind, you're right.

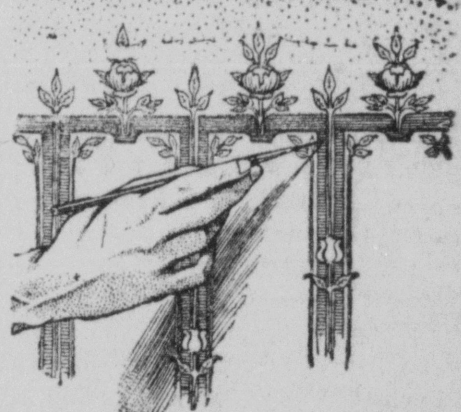
## AUTOMOBILES —AND— Accessories

Have you seen The NEW BUICK The Car of Class. STEWART'S GARAGE. Phone 261. Open day and night.

W. C. BEVINS AUTO CO. STUDEBAKER DEALERS Phone 165. 15 S. Chestnut.

WILLEY'S STEAM HEATED GARAGE Third Street. Repairing and Storage. Phone 70. Open day and night

HYATT'S AUTO SHOP Auto Repairing and Accessories. Your patronage solicited. All Work guaranteed. Phone 216. Tipton & Carter Sts



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cosy and bright, you can depend upon it that the wall paper is the right kind. There is everything in having your wall paper well chosen. We have so many kinds that it is easy to make a selection and get just what you want, at almost any price you want to pay. The next time you re-paper a room, call on us.

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THOS. J. CLARK Fire, Accident and Tornado INSURANCE SURETY BONDS Opera House Block, Seymour, Ind.

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### BAGGAGE TRANSFER.

Trunks, suit cases and all baggage and light hauling promptly attended to. Leave orders Phone No. 1. JAMES NEWMAN.

## Attention!

We do all kinds of cleaning for ladies and gentlemen. French Dry, Chemical and Steam Cleaning. Make your clothes look like new. We call for and deliver to all parts of the city. Phone 468.

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ADVERTISING Is the Hyphen That Brings Buyer and Seller Together.



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WEEKLY.

One Year in Advance.....\$1.00

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1915.

WOMEN NOT CONSULTED  
ABOUT SUFFRAGE BILL

Mere Man Legislature Introduced  
Measure and Didn't Have Con-  
sent of Any One.

By United Press.  
Indianapolis, January 16.—Indiana women who are interested in legislative matters are torn asunder by the fact that a mere man legislator introduced a suffrage bill without first consulting them. Some condemn him, but others have come to his rescue. One element says that Representative Alexander Scott, (Rep.) of Indianapolis, had no business to introduce a "pointless" bill without first consulting with "either one faction or the other," and the other element insist that the women should forgive Representative Scott. They say he acted in good faith and should not be criticized. An attentive person would in a day's time have any two women discuss this many times at the statehouse in the course of a day and would hear such adjectives and verbs as "ill advised," "forgive," "silly," "forgive," "pointless," "forgive" many times. And the women admit there are two factions.  
Scott's resolution called for a vote to request the Indiana delegation at Washington to favor the suffrage amendment. The bill was made a special order for an afternoon when the house didn't meet and so died ignobly. The women say they knew all along that there was nothing doing in the suffrage line this session.

Asked what bills he would propose to the legislature, Senator Homer Hazen, of Boonville, said, "Not a one."  
"I'm interested in a few, but wouldn't be so well prepared to help get these through if I had some of my own," he said.


Senator James R. Fleming is strong for the repeal of the three-mile road law, "under which cities are being burdened with taxation for road paving in suburbs to benefit real estate promoters," as he describes it. Fleming says the people who favor a state highway commission "see there is no chance to put that scheme through this session" and that for that reason they are saying no road legislation has a chance.

Indiana's lake district will be bettered, not damaged, by Senator Ballou's drainage bill if it is enacted, he says. He would drain the swampy ones but preserve the pretty blue ones. In his district there are Steuben county with 120 lakes, Lagrange with 90 lakes, Noble with 70 lakes, and a few stray ones besides. "The north has nothing on Indiana's lakes—see Indiana first," said Ballou.

BILLY BLODGETT IS A  
REGULAR A. CONAN DOYLE

"Discovers" at this Late Date Why  
Marion A. Weddell Was Defeat-  
ed for Mayor.

In Billy Blodgett's column, "Around the Legislature's Edges," in the Indianapolis News Friday was published an explanation of the defeat of Marion A. Weddell, democratic candidate for mayor of Seymour, in the city election a year ago



PELLENS'  
RHEUMATIC  
REMEDY

Compounded by A. J. Pellens,  
former proprietor of this store,  
and sold by him for many years.

Scores of Seymour people tes-  
tify to its efficiency in cases of  
Rheumatism, Lumbago and Kid-  
ney Troubles.

For Sale by

J. E. Ergenbright  
Successor to A. J. Pellens  
Druggist and Apothecary  
Seymour, Indiana

# The Churches

**Christian Church.**  
Sunday School at 9:30.  
Communion and preaching at 10:30. In the evening at 7:30 the pastor will deliver the second number of the series of sermons. Subject: "Conversations of a Christian."

Christian Endeavor Sunday evening at 6:30, leader Mrs. R. R. Keach.

Tuesday afternoon Class No. 1 of the Home Department will meet with Mrs. Andrew Smith, East Third street. Class No. 2 will meet Thursday evening with T. W. Harrod, 410 E. Fourth street.

Tuesday evening the Loyal Devoir Society will meet with Mrs. F. W. Wesner, North Ewing street.

Wednesday evening the mid-week prayer meeting. Leader, R. W. Speer.

Friday afternoon the Ladies' Aid will serve lunch at the home of Mrs. Thomas Kriehagen.

Friday evening at 7 o'clock the Bible study class will meet at the church and at 8 o'clock the members of the choir will meet for their regular weekly rehearsal. All are welcome to these services.

W. Paul Marsh, Minister.

**German M. E. Church.**

Sunday School: The Sunday School is manifesting an air of prosperity. Come out and increase the prosperity. The superintendent, George A. Winkenhof, and his corps of efficient officers and teachers will accord you a heart welcome.

Preaching services: It being the third Sunday in the month the morning divine service will be conducted in the English language, the pastor preaching Gal. vi. 7-8. In the evening service at 7:30 the English language is used at all times. Text for the evening: Acts IV. 12.

Epworth League: Both the senior and junior departments meet at 6:45, the former to be addressed by the pastor.

Revival meetings: A measure of success and interest has crowned the meetings thus far. They will be continued the coming week. The services begin at 7:30, a song service precedes the address. Be present, a brotherly welcome await you.

William A. Schuff, pastor.

**First Baptist Church.**

Sunday School 9:15 a. m.

Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Junior Union 2 p. m.

Joint session of Senior and Junior B. Y. P. U. at 6:30, at which time the juniors will have charge of the program. A full attendance is desired.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30.

The Woman's Sewing Society will meet Friday afternoon at 2:30.

**HOME DEPARTMENT.**

Class No. 1 will meet Wednesday at 2:30 with Mrs. Arwin Culver, 527 E. Fifth street.

Class No. 2 will meet Wednesday at 2:30 with Mrs. E. M. Owens, 310 High street.

Class No. 3 will meet Thursday at 2:30 with Mrs. Frank Thicksten, 614 S. Poplar street.

Class No. 4 will meet Wednesday at 3:30 with Mrs. David Rich, 408 W. Second street.

last November. Where and how Billy got the story will always remain a mystery, of course, but on the surface it would appear that "somebody" has taken him into his confidence.

Here it is:

Marion A. Weddell, assistant chief door-keeper of the senate, is a living example of how close a man can come to being elected to an office and yet miss it. He distanced all competitors in the race for the nomination for mayor of Seymour. Then a man asked him to promise the place of chief of police to him. Weddell, knowing that he had to make oath that he had made no promises, refused to do so. The man rallied his friends and a Bull Moose was elected Seymour's mayor.

In the same column appears a story of a scare thrown into the Republican floor leader because John Branaman, of this county, was hunting a plug of a certain brand of chewing tobacco:

John Branaman, Democratic floor leader of the house, threw a little scare into the Republicans Thursday. John passed up and down the aisles whispering to the Democratic members, and Jesse Eschbach, the Republican floor leader, jumped to the conclusion that the Democrats were about to spring something and Branaman was lining them up to vote. So Jesse got busy among the Republicans. Later it developed that Mr. Branaman was out of chewing to-

**St. Paul Evangelical Church.**  
Sunday School at 9 a. m. English divine worship at 10:30 a. m. The pastor will preach on the text, Matt. 16:16. At 6:45 Y. P. S. prayer meeting. On account of the funeral at our church at 2 p. m. there will be no evening service.

On Tuesday evening at 7:30 the Y. P. S. social meeting and election of officers. The meeting will be held in our Sunday School rooms and all members are very kindly asked to attend.

On Wednesday evening at 7:30 the mid-week Bible study.

On Thursday afternoon at 2:30 the social meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society. Mrs. Owen Stanfield and Mrs. Philip Schaefer will entertain. H. R. Boock, pastor.

**First Methodist Church.**

Sunday School at 9:15 a. m., C. H. Wiethoff, superintendent.

Morning worship at 10:30, subject "God Clothing Himself With Humanity."

Evening worship at 7:30, subject, "Wanted—A Man."

League at 6:30, leader, Frances Teckemeyer.

Junior League Wednesday at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m.

The West Side Home Department will meet with Mrs. John Eastwood, 438 West Fourth street, Thursday afternoon.

J. H. Crues, pastor.

**Church of the Nazarene.**

9:30, Sunday School, M. W. Abraham, superintendent.

10:30, Preaching, subject: "The Sanctifying Glory of Jesus Christ."

7:30, Preaching, subject: "The Lost Ax."

Thursday evening at 7:30 prayer meeting.

C. H. Strong, pastor.

**Presbyterian Church.**

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.

Morning worship at 10:30 o'clock.

Evening worship at 7:30 o'clock.

Mid-week service, Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.

The public is cordially invited to worship with us.

M. E. Prather, Minister.

**Evangelical Lutheran Church.**

German Service 10 a. m.

The newly elected church officers will be installed. After the close of services a brief meeting of the church board will be held for the purpose of organizing.

English service 7 p. m.

E. H. Eggers, Pastor.

**Christian Science.**

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m.

Sunday service at 10:45 a. m.

Subject: "Life."

Testimonial meeting every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. To our services and to the reading room the public is cordially invited and welcome.

**Woodstock.**

Sunday School at 2 p. m. Preaching service at 7 p. m. by Rev. J. S. Brown, who will also be present at Sunday School.

Choir practice Thursday evening.

**Catholic Church.**

Low Mass at 8 a. m. High Mass at 10 a. m. Vespers and Benediction at 3 p. m.

**Child Dead.**

Clarence, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Able, died this morning at his home on South Vine street. The funeral services will be conducted at the residence Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock by Rev. J. H. Carnes, pastor of the First M. E. church. Burial at Riverview cemetery.

**IT'S PREPAID. TAKE IT**

Mr. Merchant, if some one sent you a package of money prepaid, would you take the trouble to go to the express office and get it?  
Of course you would.  
You have on your shelves certain goods of well known brands.  
When the manufacturer of one of these brands comes into this paper with his advertisement he is literally expressing you money.

He is making a demand for goods, the sale of which means profit for you.

Is it any more than ordinary sense to try and push these goods to show them in your windows and let the public know you have them?

SPANISH WAR VETERANS  
MAY ORGANIZE HERE

Frank E. Walsh, Department Commander, May Come to Seymour to Confer With Ex-soldiers.

A number of the veterans of the Spanish-American war, who live in Seymour and the immediate community, are endeavoring to organize a camp of the United Spanish War Veterans, a national organization. The matter has been under consideration for some time and it is expected that in the near future Frank E. Walsh, of Lafayette, department commander, will come to Seymour and confer with the local veterans. The organization is the same to the veterans of the Spanish-American war as the G. A. R. is to the Civil War veterans.

The Spanish War veterans may ask for several laws at this session of legislature, among which will be representation on the board of the Soldiers' Home. They make it plain that they are not in opposition to the Civil War veterans. Another movement on foot is to change the date of Memorial Day to the last Sunday in May or the first Sunday in June. It is pointed out that at the present time the real meaning of Decoration day is lost in the automobile races and baseball games that are arranged for that day and that it should be a day of patriotic celebration.

DEATH OF DR. ALLISON W.  
MAXWELL OCCURRED TODAY

Grandson of Dr. David Maxwell, Member of First Constitutional Convention in Indiana.

By United Press.  
Indianapolis, January 16.—Dr. Allison W. Maxwell, who was reared in Bloomington, Ind., and was graduated from Indiana University, died early today at the Methodist Hospital here. Death followed an operation and was possibly due to a blood clot. He was the son of Dr. D. Maxwell, of Bloomington, and for many years a trustee of Indiana University, and a grandson of Dr. David Maxwell, one of the founders of Indiana University and a member of the first Indiana constitutional convention in 1816.

Dr. Maxwell is survived by a widow and three children, among whom is Allan B. Maxwell, a junior at Indiana University. The funeral will be held at the home, 7117 West Drive Woodruff Place at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon.

**John Hackett Dead.**

John Hackett, formerly of this city, died Friday evening at his home in Bedford following a long illness of Bright's disease and heart trouble. The widow and five children survive. Mr. Hackett was sixty years old and for a number of years was tie inspector for the Southeastern road and was located here. Mrs. Lawrence Byrne of this city is a sister of the deceased.

**Hope.**

"Have you seen the account in this morning's papers about Dr. Cutting having brought a dead man back to life?"

"No. Did he do that?"

"Yes. It was a wonderful demonstration of his skill."

"Well, I shall be more hopeful now than I have been for some time. If he can bring the dead back to life he may be able to bring back the book he borrowed from me about two years ago." —Chicago Herald.

**Plain Logic.**

Julian has just arrived at the age where he enjoys going to the theater. A few days ago his father took him to one of the theaters where a comedy was being produced. After looking about the theater Julian told his father that the play they had come to see must be an opera.

"No," replied his father, "this is not an opera."

"But I say it is an opera," positively replied Julian. "Don't you see all these people with opera glasses?" —Indianapolis News.

**Military Valor.**

I wonder is it because men are such cowards in heart that they admire bravery so much and place military valor so far beyond every other quality for reward and worship?—Thackeray.

**Wagon Wheat \$1.35.**

The local mills are paying \$1.35 a bushel for wheat today. This is one cent lower than yesterday's market price.

A daughter was born January 16, to Mr. and Mrs. Roscoe Speer at their home on West Fifth street.

Mrs. Albert Mason and children returned to their home in Indianapolis this morning after a visit here with her parents south of Seymour.

Miss Doris Allen came from Brownstown Friday afternoon to spend a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Oakley Allen.

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Want Ads."

The Seymour Lyceum Entertainment Bureau

—PRESENTS—

Miss Marjory Lacey

In Her Portrayal of

Every Woman

As the Second Number of This Year's Course



Majestic Theatre

Friday Evening, Jan. 22, 8:15 o'clock

Prices 25 and 35 Cents

Reserved seats, 10c, ready Tuesday, January 19, 5 o'clock, at Carter's Drug Store.

In presenting Miss Marjory Lacey in Every Woman, we feel that we are doubly fulfilling our obligation to the public: First, in introducing an attractive, competent and worthy young artist; Second, in providing a means by which the masses of our people may listen to an artistic and forceful interpretation of the most wonderful play of the hour—a story that grips, that dispels the allurements of the stage and high life, and one that every young person especially should hear.

To quote from the author, Walter Browne:

"Every Woman is not a sermon in disguise, but a modern morality play intended to afford pleasure and entertainment. At the same time it is hoped that it may be found to contain some clean and wholesome moral lessons."

Mules Wanted!

WE WILL BE AT THE

Hopewell Livery Barn

IN SEYMOUR, IND., ON

Wednesday, Jan. 20

To buy mules for the British Army. These mules must be from 5 to 12 years old, 1,000 to 1,250 pounds and 15 to 16 hands high; not necessarily fat, but in good work fix. We will give the highest market price. We would buy some good horses to be used for the same purpose. Bring out your stock. We do business if you give us a chance.


Guyton-Harrington Mule Co.

JIM DONNELL, Representing. East St. Louis

IT TURNS NIGHT INTO DAY

rivaling Old Sol himself in brilliancy. The tungsten lamp is as far ahead of old-fashioned methods of lighting as the modern express train is of the old stage coach. These are progressive times. Join the spirit of the times and consult us about wiring your house for electric light.

Neal Electric Co.





## REAL Leather SHOES

At this time there are many inferior shoes offered for sale, but we offer nothing but genuine Calfskin, Vici Kid or Kangaroo leathers, and stand back of every pair we sell. Better see our line before buying.

Dress Shoes \$4.00 and \$5.00 only.

Special Work Shoes \$3.00 to \$5.00

**THE HUB**  
BEST GOODS AT RIGHT PRICES

### PERSONAL.

Louis Pardeick went to Indianapolis this morning on business.

Mrs. B. S. Shinness went to Louisville this morning to spend the day.

Edward Patrick made a business trip to North Vernon this morning.

Prof. and Mrs. Thomas, of Medora, were in the city this morning.

Mrs. J. B. Parkhiser went to Cincinnati this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. Lynn Faulkner went to Indianapolis this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. O. H. Montgomery went to Louisville this morning to spend the day.

Sheriff Van Robertson of Brownstown, was in the city this afternoon on business.

J. P. Grime went to Bloomington this afternoon on a business trip of several days.

Mrs. George Volz, of Elizabethtown, came Friday to visit with Mrs. William Russell.

M. F. Bottorff and family drove to Columbus in their car today to spend Sunday with relatives.

Mrs. George Thompson went to Vallonia this morning to spend the day with relatives.

Mrs. Charles Hunt and daughter, of Westport, were here Friday to spend the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kennedy and children came this morning to spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Rose Krackenberger went to Hayden this morning to spend Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. R. J. Connelly and daughter went to Cincinnati this morning to spend the day with friends.

Mrs. M. E. Downing returned this morning from Louisville, where he has been visiting relatives.

Mrs. James Goforth and daughter returned this morning from a visit with relatives in Butlerville.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Wilson and son went to Louisville this morning to spend a week with relatives.

Mrs. Joseph Stein went to Cincinnati Friday afternoon to visit over Sunday with Mrs. Catherine Stein.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Miller went to Orleans Friday afternoon to visit over Sunday with Mrs. Floyd Todd.

Miss Mary Waller came from Washington this morning and will be the guest of Miss Dorothy Milburn.

Dr. Raymond H. Carnes, of Indianapolis, spent Friday night with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Carnes.

Mrs. Earl Redman of Columbus, was in the city this morning on her way to Vallonia to visit with relatives.

Mrs. Robert Nichols and daughter, Miss May, went to New Albany this morning to spend the day with relatives.

Mrs. Effie McCormick and son, Dean, went to Brownstown this morning to visit over Sunday with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Smith, of Flat Rock, were here this morning on their way to Osgood to visit Mrs. Harley Robbins.

Miss Lora Reynolds went to Vallonia this morning and is on the program for the Teachers' Institute held there today.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Pardeick and children went to Indianapolis this morning to visit with William Pardeick and family.

Mrs. S. N. Siebert and children returned home Friday afternoon from a visit the past week with relatives in Mitchell and Bedford.

Dr. F. A. Steele left this morning for a business trip to Crothersville, Scottsburg and Underwood. He will be gone several days.

Mrs. Fannie Riley, of Indianapolis, and Lawrence Byrne went to Bedford this afternoon to attend the funeral of the late John Hackett.

Mrs. C. E. T. Dobbins, Miss Katherine Jackson, Mrs. Nathan Kaufman and sister, Miss Merz, went to Louisville this morning to spend the day.

Mrs. John Murphy returned this morning from Mitchell, where she has spent a week with Mr. Murphy, who is switching in the yards there.

Mrs. Thomas Layton, who has been here for the past week on account of the illness of her mother, returned to her home in Jeffersonville this afternoon.

Mrs. Henry Frey and children and Miss Emma Jamison, left this morning for their home in Palmyra, Mo., after an extended visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Anton Massman and grandson, John Massman, came from Cincinnati this afternoon to visit with Mrs. W. G. Geile and Miss Anna Massman.

Mrs. Anna Anthony and granddaughter came from Cincinnati this afternoon to spend several days here with relatives and friends. Mrs. Anthony formerly lived here.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Williamson, of West Clinton, who have been visiting in Medora, came here this morning to visit with Mrs. William Sullivan and Mrs. R. W. Speer.

### SOCIAL EVENTS.

#### ENTERTAIN AGOGAS.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boake entertained the young men of the Agoga class of the First Baptist Sunday School Friday evening at their home on North Chestnut street. Refreshments were served at the close of the evening's program during which a number of selections were rendered on the Victrola. The occasion proved a very pleasant one for all who were present.

#### INDIANA ALUMNI OBSERVE ANNIVERSARY OF ALMA MATER

Founders' Day Meeting Held at High School and Organization Effectuated.—Dr. Cummings Speaks.

Students and alumni of Indiana University met last night at the High School building to observe Founders' Day, the anniversary of the founding of the state school. Similar meetings were held throughout the state and in other states where there were alumni of I. U., and were arranged through the request of the university faculty and officers, with the idea of encouraging loyalty and support for the school, and of effecting a working organization among its alumni.

Dr. Cummings, in charge of the department of Geology at the university, made the principal address of the evening and in his talk emphasized the work that the extension department of the state school is doing. He also took up the question of the water supply at Bloomington, a question which had become very serious and which officials of the city and university both have been trying to solve, and said that all obstacles had been finally overcome, and that a plentiful supply of pure water was now assured.

Speeches were also made by Prof. T. A. Mott, E. P. Elsner and others. Prof. Mottier who was to have spoken, was unable to be present and Dr. Cummings spoke instead. After the speeches an organization was effected with the following officers: President, Miss Mary Mack; Vice-President, Joe McDonald; and Sec'y. and Treas., Maurice Jennings.

The organization plans to arrange for an annual observance of Founders' Day and will also arrange other social features during the year.

#### THOUSANDS OF ITALIAN SUFFERERS FACING DEATH

Persons of all Classes Striving to Restore Roads so Relief Automobiles May Proceed.

By United Press.

Rome, January 16—Huddled in groups in the open country without food, fuel or extra clothing, many thousands of Italian persons were facing death today. Only the preliminary relief work has been touched by those in charge.

Nothing has been done in the Campania and Abruzzi regions where harrowing conditions are known to prevail. But this is not due to the lack of effort but because entire roadsides have disappeared and communication is impossible, although persons, noble and private citizens, are working side by side desperately striving to restore the roads so the relief automobiles may proceed to the stricken regions.

# 20 Per Cent.

## Or One-fifth Off

On All Suits,  
Overcoats, Mackinaws,  
Balmacaans,  
Underwear, Sweaters  
and Wool Shirts.

## Adolph Steinwedel

"Pay Less and Dress Better"

# YOU WILL FIND

## The Right Piece of Jewelry at the Right Price at Meseke's Jewelry Shop

### Urges Advertising.

The Indianapolis Photographers' Association was formed and the following officers were elected at a meeting of Indianapolis photographers this week. Professional photographers of Indianapolis and vicinity are eligible to membership in the association. Short talks were made at the meeting by J. C. Abel, of Cleveland, editor of a photographic magazine, and by various members of the executive board of the national association. In his talk, Mr. Abel touched upon the value of newspaper advertising. He advised the photographers not to be afraid to advertise and said every penny they spent in newspapers advertising was sure to repay them double.

### K. of P. and Pythian Sisters.

A joint installation of officers by the Knights of Pythians and Pythian Sisters will be held at the K. of P. Hall Monday, Jan. 19, beginning at 8 p. m. sharp. All members of the orders and their families cordially invited to attend.

A. C. Foster, C. C.

Misses Alma and Josephine Steinkamp went to Indianapolis this morning to visit over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Kleinmeyer.

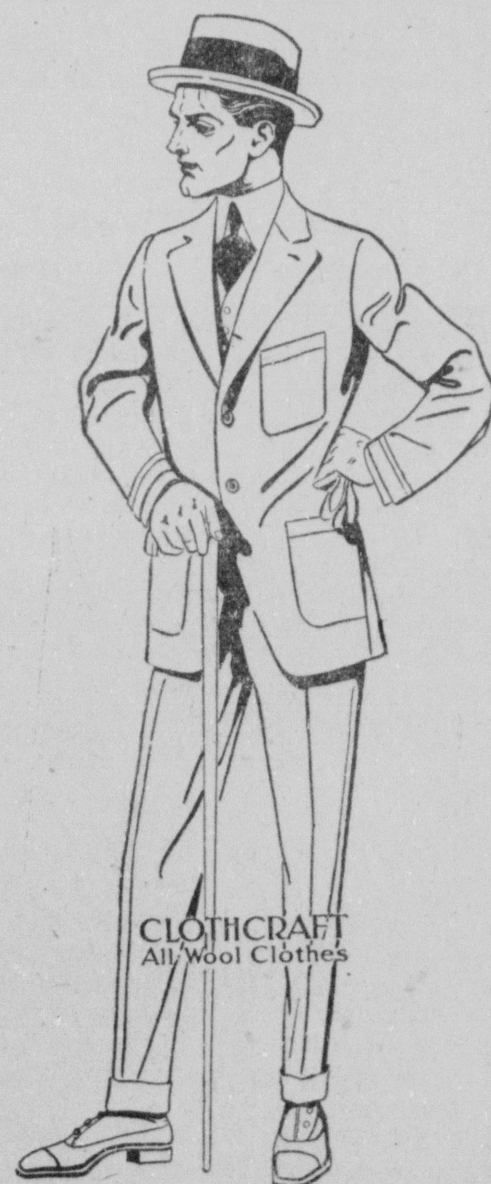
### Hoosier History in Tabloid.

(Prepared by the United States from Records in the State Library.)

Indiana women who have been making history this year by founding the first Legislative Council of Indiana Women, are only reapplying the energy that has characterized their sex in Indiana, and which obtained long before the new feminist movement was dreamed of. The chief element in the promotion of libraries and the chief factor in the promotion of education in Indiana is the Woman's Club movement. The Minerva society organized in New Harmony in 1859 was the chief woman's club in the United States. From this club there sprang the leading clubs of the state which organized into the Indiana Union of Literary Clubs in 1890. The Federation of Clubs absorbed the Union and still exists. New Harmony also gave the first kindergarten—the first in the United States and the second in the world.

### Notice.

Just received a car load of clover hay, which I will retail at lowest figures. G. H. Anderson. Phone 353. j16d



Thomas Clothing Co.

See Our  
SPECIAL  
Showing  
OF  
Men's  
Suits  
AND  
Overcoats  
AT  
\$10 to \$16.<sup>50</sup>  
Some are the  
GREAT  
Clothcraft  
LINE.  
A fair sample can be  
seen in our show  
window.

YOU PUT IT  
DOWN IN



When you order your coal from us you can always depend upon securing the right quality promptly and at lowest market prices. We are serving those who want the best. Are we serving you? If not, try a ton of our coal.

Raymond City at \$4.25 Per Ton.

**EBNER ICE & COLD STORAGE CO.**  
COAL AND ICE  
PHONE No. 4.



**THERE'S NOTHING WRONG**  
There is nothing wrong about blowing your own horn. The trouble comes when you blow the wrong tune.  
We are careful to state only the facts about our lumber and surely there is nothing wrong in that.  
Perhaps if we did not keep on blowing our own horn loudly and persistently, some people might forget we are in the lumber business and sell the best that is to be had at very reasonable prices. That is why we are talking to you today in this advertisement.  
It will pay you to keep these facts in mind.

**SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.**  
419 S. Chestnut St.

**Building Material**  
The Very Best  
at the  
Lowest Prices

Lumber, Shingles, Lath,  
Sash, Doors and Blinds.  
High Grade Mill Work  
Veneered Doors and Interior Finish.

**Travis Carter Co.**

# Loans

Made on Household Goods, Pianos, Stock and Investments. Agent in office Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday till noon.

17½ E. Second St. Over Carter's Bike Store. Phone 528.

**SEYMOUR LOAN CO.**

**Geo. F. Meyer**  
Drug Store

104 S. Chestnut St.  
Phone 247

### FIRE INSURANCE

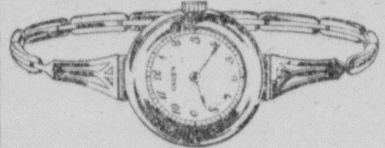
A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.  
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building

### "Will Go on Your Bond"

Will write any kind of  
INSURANCE  
CLARK B. DAVIS  
LOANS NOTARY

### ANNA E. CARTER

NOTARY PUBLIC  
Office at the Daily Republican office, 108 West Second St.



Genuine Values

—IN—  
**JEWELRY**

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Rings, Chains, Fobs, Cuff Buttons, Lavalieres, Bracelets, Fountain Pens, Silver Tea Sets, Sugar and Cream Sets, Knives and Forks, Libby Brilliant Cut Glass, Leather Traveling Sets.

Special attention given to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry.

J. G. LAUPUS,  
Jeweler.

**GRUEN**  
Veri Thin Watch



# GRIPPING TALES OF THE GREAT WAR IN EUROPE

**Soldier, Himself Badly Hurt, Writes to Aunt Telling of Brother's Death—Wrist Watches Dangerous.**

HERE are some of the latest human interest stories of the great European struggle:

Among the many instances of how the war affects a single family is one shown by a letter in the *Figaro* of Paris in which a soldier, himself severely wounded, writes to his aunt telling her of the death of his brother. He does not mourn that his brother is gone, but speaks in almost envious tones of the worthy manner in which he gave up his life. The letter follows:

"My Dear Aunt—I was very glad to get your letter and will comply with your desire to know something about the misfortune that has come to us. My brother Camille met his end gloriously on Sept. 13, near Berry-au-Bac. He was ordered by the general of the brigade to which he was attached to carry an order to the regiment. He realized that the order had to be delivered at once. Without making a show of his courage he started for the head of the two regiments in question in order that they might take part in the attack on the German position.

"While he was hurrying to carry out the order he fell, hit in the head probably by the bursting of a shell. They carried his body to the rear, and he is now in the little cemetery of the church at Sapignol, where we will go together at the end of the war. This service was of such value that Camille received long mention in the army report. But, alas, the honors paid to him will not pay us for our affliction.

"Mignette is on her way to you with the two children. She has shown a stoic courage and admirable resignation, which must have been a great comfort to our poor father. As for myself, I was wounded on Oct. 2 near Lens, when our battalion had arrived at Grand Couronne. I was wounded in the left leg just above the ankle by the bursting of a shell and at the same time a shower of tiles and bricks fell upon my head. It was the last house where I was stationed on observation that was struck.

I was taken to Lens and then to Bethune, where an amputation was deemed necessary because gangrene had already set in. The day after the operation we had to leave suddenly in the night, the hospital being threatened. I was placed in a cattle van on the straw with my leg freshly cut. We remained a day and a night without aid or light between Bethune and Amiens, where I have been lying in a horrible state. At Amiens I was well treated and had the pleasure of seeing Henriette arrive. This welcome surprise came to me, and at the end of two weeks my sister came to me from Paris. I had then been for two days at the hospital at Messimy and later at Poitiers.

"I was there told by my father of the great mourning which had come to us at the death of Camille. Henriette had bravely spared me any news which might hinder my recovery. The wound is healing beautifully, and it will not be many days before I am able to get up. This is my story and also the story of our misfortune. France has demanded much of us. We have sacrificed everything to her, for we loved her more than all. I send my love to you and also to my cousins."

## Love Letters to the Chief.

The Berlin newspapers say that Field Marshal von Hindenburg received several hundred love letters at Christmas from German women and girls.

A request has now been issued through official channels that all young girls in Germany should refrain from writing such epistles, as the field marshal has more serious matters to attend to than to read such trash.

## Women as Fighters.

The London Daily Chronicle says: "There appears from time to time in the Russian papers the statement that women volunteers are fighting in the German ranks, and now the Warsaw correspondent of the *Dyen* of Petrograd has actually seen these amazons. "Among the wounded at present being treated at the Ouzynoff hospital, he says, are seven women who were captured while fighting in German uniforms. They are placed together in a special ward. Judging by the nature of their wounds, they have taken part not only in rifle practice, but also in bayonet attacks. One of them who had a serious bayonet wound has died.

"They are fine specimens of Teutonic womanhood, and the Russian nurses greatly admire their finely developed muscles, which seem to indicate that they have belonged for years to German gymnastic societies. In captivity they behave with the same haughty and contemptuous indifference which characterizes the Prussian officers. One of the nursing sisters brought to them a Russian newspaper, the *Petrograd Herald*, which is printed in German, but they indignantly rejected her offer and said they did not believe anything which appeared in a Russian paper, even when printed in German. They refused to talk of their homes

**Field Marshal von Hindenburg Annoyed by Hundreds of Love Letters—Prince Narrowly Escapes.**

and families; but, judging from their demeanor, they seem to belong to the upper or upper middle class.

"The German bourgeois has always refused to acknowledge woman's claims to political suffrage on the ground of her intellectual and social achievements. She has evidently made up her mind to convince him in the only way he can understand—by proving her equality on the field of battle."

## Wrist Watches Dangerous.

A warning is issued in the Berliner *Klinische Wochenschrift* against the wearing of wrist watches by German soldiers in the field. The author of the article, Dr. Melchior, relates that in treating cases of wounded soldiers he found many who had suffered horrible wounds as a result of this, their wrist watches having been struck by bits of shrapnel, which thereupon caused a great spreading of the wound and imbedded parts of the watch in the wrist.

The danger is the greater, he adds, because the watches are usually worn on the left wrist, and it is the left hand and arm that, as a rule, are wounded rather than the right.

## Prince's Narrow Escape.

Princess Arthur of Connaught is being congratulated on her husband's daring escape from the Germans, whose prisoner he was for an hour or more.

The prince and his chauffeur drove their machine into the German lines in a fog. They were seized and thrown into a hut. Here they discovered German uniforms and disguised themselves. They managed to pass the sentry placed to guard them and enter their own automobile again. On nearing the German lines they were challenged, and to escape ran at a speed of ninety miles an hour. Many bullets struck the flying car.

Past the German outposts they sped, but the French seized them, and thinking them Germans, were on the point of shooting them as spies, when they were identified.

## How It Feels Under Fire.

A British officer gives the following account of his impressions under fire: "There is a good deal of rot talked of heroism at present. If it is all true there are many millions of heroes in Europe just now, and I leave that to you. I've found it harder to go straight in life than go under fire. I don't think men find it hard to go under fire. First of all, there is the mass suggestion and the tradition of your people to give you a bias to bravery. Then when you are in the thick of it you forget psychology after awhile and get interested in the explosions.

"When thoroughly warmed up you care nothing about your own skin—you forget you've got a skin—but you are very hot about damaging the hides of the ruffians who are the cause of that fiendish noise. You want to hurt them badly and make them feel infernally sorry. When you do get cold feet is before you've started for a hot place. When you are at the base your imagination is far worse than shrapnel.

"Certainly when you do come under fire for the first time you feel sure you cannot survive. I shall never live through this! You keep saying to yourself. The noises are abrupt, erratic and shockingly violent and the mess made is very nasty, but when you recognize your number is certainly up you sort of congeal—you lose recollection of your body and become only a clear and observant point of intelligence, doing your job subconsciously but surely, like a man dead in everything but his eyes. When you are out of it you 'come to,' so to speak, and can hardly believe you are still really in one piece. Then you find yourself very pleased, smiling all over and shaking a little for a long time afterward."

## Pet Goat Was Killed.

A French soldier in the trenches writes home: "A fortnight ago we had an unexpected visitor. A fine goat in full milk trotted into our lines and was soon installed among us as a favorite. We christened her 'Head Nurse' because she strangely resembled a Red Cross nurse who had been with us. Her one weakness—chewing tobacco, English brands by preference—was a bit costly, but we were repaid tenfold by the milk she yielded, which was chiefly reserved for the wounded.

"Day after day Nanny strolled beyond the lines to browse, but she always returned for her evening meal of carrots. One day she got too near the German lines, and a ball laid her flat. As night drew on a dozen or more 'boches' crept up in the hope of an impromptu supper, but we were even with them. We charged, and after leaving half a dozen of them dead on the field, we brought back the body of our 'head nurse' in triumph and gave her a decent burial."

## In Bombproof Cave.

Life in an artillery emplacement is exciting. Men so stationed are subjected to gunfire which never before has reached such an average of accuracy and at times must protect them-

selves against the attacks of the enemy's aviators.

In a letter just published in Munich this is well illustrated. After dwelling on the comforts of the bombproof cave in which the men of the battery dwell, in which they even have tables, chairs, lockers and a stove, the writer continues as follows, the shifting tenses being his:

"A tremendous black column of earth rises from the ground as the shells strike near us. The clock in our cave strikes as if scared out of its wits and then stops. Everything trembles and shakes. The dry earth on the sides of the bombproof peels off and falls.

"We sit quietly—waiting for the shell that will bury us. One after another falls close by, but the one we wait for does not come. The enemy's battery has fired five shots and now stops.

"An hour later the bombardment started again. We sat there like paralyzed, on the table a cigar burned a hole in a glove. Nobody had sense or ambition enough to prevent it.

"When the bombardment was over everybody felt a peculiar sort of fatigue. All conversation ceased. One of the men left his seat and wearily threw himself upon the straw bed. Before he went to sleep he turned over and whispered: "Call me!"

## Partridge Pie Cheered Squad.

"The worst of it was that we were not permitted to return the fire. No doubt the division staff had its good reasons for that. Things would be different had we been able to return shot for shot. We would have been of the best spirits in that case. But to sit there like dumb brutes and wait for orders under such a fire was a bad experience.

"The day passed in this manner. The enemy's fire ceased at 7 o'clock in the evening, and after a meal of bacon, bread and coffee made of cereals, we felt better. A partridge pie which my mother had sent me helped to cheer us up.

"Next morning at 5 the order, 'Ready for fire' came by telephone. 'Man the guns—distance 2,100 yards—shell, fire,' said the voice at the other end of the wire. Though it was still dark, we heard from the distance the thrashing of infantry fire.

"Our shells shriek and whistle across the plain. 'Shot well placed—battery salvoes—every ten seconds—distance now 2,200 yards,' telephoned the observation officer.

"The fun commences. It is hard work. Perspiration rolls off us like rain, which has just commenced to fall.

"But the enemy's motor battery also starts again. The first shell hits near our position. The second one hits the bombproof; we have been located. A veritable sea of explosions surrounds us—lightning, detonations, clashes, shrieks, smoke and powder stench give our environment the appearance of the crater of a volcano. We are covered with mud which the enemy's shells throw up and which descends on us like hail.

## Gunner Did Not Move.

"Two, 155 I shouted at the gunner, but he did not move.

"Fischer" was my next shout. At that moment the body of the gunner slipped between the seat and the sighting mechanism. I noticed that a fragment of shell had entered his forehead. "Gently we placed the body to one side, and another gunner took the seat. We continued our fire, calmly, steadily—in our minds saw the destruction wrought by our shells in the lines of the enemy's infantry.

"So it continued for some time; then came from the observation station the command, 'Cease fire for awhile.'

"In the afternoon another shell hit our position, and another man had to be laid aside. He was a lovable old fellow. Later we buried the two.

"Rain fell throughout the night and next day. By noon our bombproof was filled with water. We waded around in that up to our waists. Later in the day the bombproof carved in, and we saved nothing but the telephone instrument, our carbines and coats. We then spent some time in the cellar of a nearby farmhouse, and tomorrow we go back for a rest. Our place will be taken by a reserve regiment with wonderfully clean uniforms and brand new brown boots. Our uniforms have all the colors of the rainbow on a mud yellow background."

## Kaiser's War Talisman.

Tucked away in the breast pocket of his great gray coat, the kaiser carries as a war talisman a four leaved sprig of clover, pressed, dried and scented.

The story goes that this talisman was plucked by childish hands in the meadows of the royal park at Kambelburg in 1870, and people are saying in Berlin that it will bring the present kaiser victory as it brought to his grandfather victory at Sedan.

The talisman was picked by the daughter of an old court official named Louis Schneider, who was allowed to present it to old King William, and when the latter returned from Sedan he gave it back to the child with the remark:

"It has brought me luck, and I hope it will bring you luck too."

Years afterward Miss Schneider presented the precious clover to the daughter of Countess Dolma as a baptismal gift, and it was during an audience which the countess and her daughter had with the kaiserin that she mentioned the talisman and said that she would like to give it to the emperor.

The kaiser, when told the story, promptly accepted the four leaved sprig and assured the countess that it would be as powerful to bring victory to him as it had to his grandfather forty-four years ago. Now the kaiser and talisman are inseparable.

# "YOUNG-OLD" MEN ORGANIZE CLUB

**Won't Go Into Scrap Heap; Jobs For All**

**MUST BE FORTY TO JOIN.**

Average Age of Present Membership Is Little Over Sixty Years—Oldest Member More Than Eighty and Youngest Forty-three—Novel Club Instituted in Springfield, O.

With "Help Your Fellow Man" for its motto and a desire to aid its needy members by giving them a better chance to earn a livelihood, Springfield, O., has a novel organization in the Young-Old Men's association, made up of 100 members, all gray haired, with an average age of a fraction more than sixty years.

The association is made up of men from all walks of life who have passed the period of youth. The intention of the organization is to find employment for those of its members who are able-bodied, but have been thrown out of work because of the increasing number of gray hairs that have appeared upon their heads.

Under the leadership of former Mayor and State Senator Francke W. Dickinson the organization is beginning to get results. A workshop has been established in the business center of the city, where work can be sent to be done and where men needed for odd jobs can be obtained.

In the association are found men who have made their mark in professional and business life side by side with those who have failed and have been overtaken by old age and with little of this world's goods back of them. It is estimated that about 25 per cent of the membership are men who are in need of work and are able to work.

## How Idea Originated.

The association was started by George W. Crossette of Cleveland, O., a native of Springfield. He visited his old home this last fall and met many of his boyhood friends. Finding some of these friends out of work, he conceived the idea of promoting this organization.

An advertisement was placed in the local papers for gray haired men over forty years of age to meet in the city council rooms on a stated night. No explanation of the meeting was given and when the time of the gathering came a large number of elderly men was on hand. After the object of the meeting had been explained the association was formed.

Headquarters of the association have been established, where social rooms are maintained. The only qualification for membership is that the applicant be over forty years of age, have gray hair and be an American citizen. Religion and politics are barred as topics. No man is too poor to be eligible.

The membership embraces merchants, salesmen, farmers, physicians, undertakers, managers, messengers, agents, manufacturers, store clerks, janitors, caretakers, furniture workers, stockroom clerks, painters, carpenters, firemen, engineers, contractors, wood workers, gasfitters, gas goods dealers, shipping clerks, foremen, hostlers, machinists, mechanics of all kinds and laborers. On the list are several under the heading of "retired."

The oldest member of the organization is over eighty and the youngest forty-three.

## KITCHENER'S KINDNESS.

**Sends Five Soldiers Home to See Their Dying Mother.**

The London Chronicle says Lord Kitchener is so generally credited with an iron character devoid of sentiment in matters affecting his great purpose that the following story of his thoughtfulness is of special interest:

A Sunderland woman with five sons in the army lay dying. Her one desire was to see her boys again. Through the offices of a local Salvation Army officer four of the sons serving in England reached home within twenty-four hours, their expenses being paid by the authorities. The fifth son, however, was at the front, and there seemed little chance of the old woman's wish being fulfilled. But the Salvationist wired to the war office, and back came a reply over Lord Kitchener's signature saying that if the son could be found he would be sent home. Afterward came a wire to say the man was on his way home, and eventually he landed in time to see his mother. The authorities had paid his expenses and gave him a seven days' furlough and ration money.

## PRIZE FOR WAR PROPHETS.

French Weekly Offers \$2,000 For Best Revision of Frontiers.

La Vie Parisienne, the French journal, abandons austere war photographs for what approaches its usual levity. It offers its readers a \$2,000 prize for the best forecast of the postbellum frontiers of European countries on a map supplied with its latest issue.

Readers must send maps with the frontiers drawn according to their individual prognostications before Jan. 19. The award will be made after the treaty of peace is signed.

## The Submarine

hid in a deep sea cave I lie  
Mid the drift of the silent years,  
And I laugh at the pride of human power  
And the sorrow of human tears—

For I know I hold in my heart of fire  
A strength so cruel and vast  
I can blight the earth and air and sky  
Like flame from the furnace blast.

When I slip along through peaceful seas  
And peer with my Cyclops eye,  
No stately ship that ever was built,  
Though never so fast she fly

Can race with me: I strike in the dark  
Below her water line;  
I am ruthless, cold as the sword fin shark,  
Like my brother, the floating mine.

Drenched with the salt sea brine I bide  
The menace of the sea;  
A grim, gray wolf, my fangs I hide,  
And man is afraid of me!  
—S. H. Whitman in Kansas City Times.

## FARM PRODUCTS OF 1914 ARE WORTH TEN BILLIONS

Astounding Figures Reported by Secretary of Agriculture.

American farms during the year 1914 eclipsed all records for combined value of their products, with a total of almost \$10,000,000,000. Secretary Houston of the department of agriculture announced that the value of all farm crops, farm animal products and farm animals, sold and slaughtered, aggregated \$9,872,936,000. That was \$83,000,000 more than the grand total for 1913, the previous record year, and more than double the value of all farm products in 1890.

Crops in 1914 were valued at \$6,044,480,000, and the estimated total value of the animal products and of the farm animals sold and slaughtered was \$3,828,456,000. The value of crop production last year was slightly less than in 1913 on account of the reduced value of the cotton crop brought about principally by the European war. The corn and wheat crops, however, were the most valuable ever produced in the United States, bringing the year's crop value total to only \$88,279,000 less than the total for last year, despite the loss of more than \$300,000,000 in the value of the cotton crop.

"The estimated value of the animal products of the farm in 1914," said the Agricultural Outlook, "is distinctly higher than in 1913, which was itself a record year in the value of this class of products. This is due to general but slight increases in production, except for sheep and swine, and in prices more especially to a small increase in the average price of eggs, and to a more considerable increase in the farm price of cattle and calves sold and slaughtered."

The values of the principal farm crops last year was: Corn, \$1,702,509,000; wheat, \$878,680,000; hay, \$779,068,000; cotton, \$519,618,000; oats, \$439,431,000; potatoes, \$108,009,000; barley, \$105,962,000; tobacco, \$101,491,000; sweet potatoes, \$11,294,000; rice, \$17,018,000; sugar beets, \$27,050,000; rice, \$21,849,000; flaxseed, \$19,540,000; and buckwheat, \$12,802,000.

## PLAN A LAWYERLESS COURT.

Chicago Has Scheme to Reduce the Cost of Suing.

A court of convenience, where the people may plead their own cases, has been established in Chicago as a branch of the municipal court, Chief Justice Harry Olson announced. Its aim will be to simplify justice and reduce the cost of "going to law."

"No lawyers will be needed to obtain justice," Judge Olson said. "The complainant will present his own case, and the defendant will voice his own defense."

"Technicalities will be eliminated from decisions, and much injustice may be averted."

The court will at first consider cases in which amounts less than \$50 are involved. Later its scope will be broadened.

## STYLES MAKE FOR IDLENESS.

Capricious Women Blamed In Part For Unemployment Problem.

Speakers at the sessions of the national conference on the unemployed in Philadelphia made these among other suggestions as to ways by which workers could have steady employment:

American women should help to provide steady employment for thousands of workers by being less insistent in demanding ever changing styles. Miss Juliet Stuart Poyntet of Boston, the speaker, said that caprice on the part of women who refused to wear last year's dresses and hats made it impossible for manufacturers to provide steady employment for their workers because they never knew what to make until the last minute.

## NOW FISHING FOR CATS.

This is the Latest Municipal Industry in Atlantic City.

There have been so many cat operas and back fence serenades in Atlantic City, N. J., of late that peaceful slumber is next to impossible.

The city fathers have decided in consequence to war on toms and tabbies, and fish peddlers have been ordered to the front. These peddlers will go about the streets wailing, "Fresh feesh, fresh feesh!" and the cats are expected to appear leap on the peddler carts and have nets thrown over them.

The cat catchers will get 50 cents for every tom and tabby brought to the pound.

IF YOU HAD A  
**NECK**  
AS LONG AS THIS FELLOW,  
AND HAD  
**SORE THROAT**  
ALL  
THE  
WAY  
DOWN  
**TONSILINE**  
WOULD QUICKLY RELIEVE IT.  
25c. and 50c. Hospital Size. \$1.  
ALL DRUGGISTS.

A Hero of Wight.  
Bonchurch, Isle of Wight, can claim association with one of the famous feats of the British navy, for it was the birthplace of Queen Anne's Admiral Hobson. Within a few days of Hobson's joining the navy as a ship's boy the fleet went into action, and his vessel was mid alongside that of the French admiral. The boy made his way to the enemy's ship unperceived and struck and carried off the flag. The French, thrown into confusion, were successfully boarded, and the English crew at the end of the fight was met by the ship's boy with the enemy's flag neatly draped over his arm.—London Chronicle.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Advertisement.

Some time ago two sweet girls boarded an auto back from the railroad station to the town proper, and eventually the eyes of the pretty pair rested on a sign posted in the front of the vehicle.

"Gentlemen will, nee!" she read aloud, "expectorate in this car; others must not!" Well," she smilingly added, "I certainly like the imperative tone of the last part of the sentence."

"I don't quite enter your meaning, Grace," returned the second. "I am afraid I am a little stupid."

"Only you see, dear," explained the first. "That 'others' evidently means us women!"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

## Dangers of a Cold.

Do you know that of all the minor ailments colds are by far the most dangerous? It is not the colds themselves that you need to fear, but the serious diseases that they so often lead to. For that reason every cold should be gotten rid of with the least possible delay. To accomplish this you will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy of great help to you. It loosens a cold, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration and enables the system to throw off the cold. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

## Japanese Flags.

Japan, Nippon—the land of the rising sun—adopted the rising sun as its emblem. Japan claims to possess a written history of more than 2,500 years. Its authentic portion begins about the year 600 B. C., when the present hereditary succession of rulers commenced. It was only in 1853, however, that the country was open to foreigners. The red ball without the rays is used as the jack when it is placed in the center of the white field. A golden chrysanthemum on a red background is the standard of the emperor.

## Cough Medicine for Children.

Never give a child a cough medicine that contains opium in any form. When opium is given often and more serious diseases may follow. Long experience has demonstrated that there is no better or safer medicine for coughs, colds and croup in children than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is equally valuable for adults. Try it. It contains no opium or other harmful drug. For sale by all dealers. Advertisement.

"Willie," said the teacher, "describe to me the route you would take if you were going to Europe."

"Yessum," responded the youngster a little doubtfully. "I would go to New York and then—and then—"

"Well, Willie," interposed the teacher as the boy paused, "what would you do then?"

"Why, I would go on a steamer," replied Willie after another moment's thought, "and leave the rest to the captain."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

## Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single tag, for 50c. Republican Office.



# The Call of the Cumberlands

By Charles Neville Buck

With Illustrations  
from Photographs of Scenes  
in the Play

(Copyright, 1913, by W. J. Watt & Co.)

## CHAPTER XII.

The second year of a new order brings fewer radical changes than the first. Samson's work began to forge out of the ranks of the ordinary and to show symptoms of a quality which would some day give it distinction. Heretofore his instructors had held him rigidly to the limitations of black and white, but now they took off the bonds and permitted him the colorful delight of attempting to express himself from the palette. It was like permitting a natural poet to leave prose and play with prosody.

One day Adrienne looked up from a sheaf of his very creditable landscape studies to inquire suddenly:

"Samson, are you a rich man or a poor one?"

He laughed. "So rich," he told her, "that unless I can turn some of this stuff into money within a year or two I shall have to go back to hoeing corn."

She nodded gravely. "Hasn't it occurred to you," she demanded, "that in a way you are wasting your gifts? They were talking about you the other evening—several painters. They all said that you should be doing portraits."

The Kentuckian smiled. His masters had been telling him the same thing. He had fallen in love with art through the appeal of the skies and hills. He had followed its call at the proselyting of George Lescott, who painted only landscape. Portraiture seemed a less artistic form of expression. He said so.

"That may all be very true," she conceded, "but you can go on with your landscapes and let your portraits pay the way. And," she added, "since I am very vain and moderately rich, I hereby commission you to paint me, just as soon as you learn how."

Farish had simply dropped out. Bit by bit the truth of the conspiracy had leaked, and he knew that his usefulness was ended and that well-lined pocketbooks would no longer open to his profligate demands.

Sally had started to school. She had not announced that she meant to do so, but each day the people of Misery saw her old sorrel mare making its way to and from the general direction of Stagbone college, and they smiled. No one knew how Sally's cheeks flamed as she ate alone on Saturdays and Sundays on the rock at the back-bone's rift. She was taking her place, morbidly sensitive and a woman of eighteen, among little spindle-shanked girls in short skirts, and the little girls were more advanced than she. But she, too, meant to have "larnin'."

as much of it as was necessary to satisfy the lover who might never come. And yet, the "fetched-on" teachers at the "college" thought her the most voraciously ambitious pupil they had ever had, so unflinchingly did she toil, and the most remarkably acquisitive, so fast did she learn. But her studies had again been interrupted, and Miss Grover, her teacher, riding over one day to find out why her prize scholar had deserted, met in the road an empty "jolt wagon," followed by a ragged cortege of mounted men and women, whose faces were still lugubrious with the effort of recent mourning. Her question elicited the information that they were returning from the "buryin'" of the Widow Miller.

Towards the end of that year Samson undertook his portrait of Adrienne Lescott. The work was nearing completion, but it had been agreed that the girl herself was not to have a peep at the canvas until the painter was ready to unveil it in a finished condition. Often, as she posed, Wilfred Horton idled in the studio with them, and often George Lescott came to criticize, and left without criticizing. The girl was impatient for the day when she, too, was to see the picture, concerning which the three men maintained so profound a secrecy. She knew that Samson was a painter who analyzed with his brush, and that his picture would show her not only features and expression, but the man's estimate of herself.

"Do you know," he said one day, coming out from behind his easel and studying her, through half-closed eyes, "I never really began to know you until now? Analyzing you—studying you in this fashion, not by your words, but by your expression, your pose, the very unconscious essence of your personality—these things are illuminating."

"Although I am not painting you," she said with a smile, "I have been studying you, too. As you stand there before your canvas your own personality is revealed—and I have not been entirely unobservant myself."

"And under the X-ray scrutiny of this profound analysis," he said with a laugh, "do you like me?"

"Wait and see," she retorted.

"At all events"—he spoke gravely—"you must try to like me a little, because I am not what I was. The person that I am is largely the creature of your own fashioning. Of course you had very raw material to work with, and you can't make a silk purse of"—he broke off and smiled—"well, of me, but in time you may at least get me mercerized a little."

For no visible reason she flushed, and her next question came a trifle eagerly:

"Do you mean I have influenced you?"

"Influenced me, Drennie?" he repeated. "You have done more than that. You have painted me out and painted me over."

She shook her head, and in her eyes danced a light of subtle coquetry.

"There are things I have tried to do, and failed," she told him.

His eyes showed surprise.

"Perhaps," he apologized, "I am dense, and you may have to tell me bluntly what I am to do. But you know that you have only to tell me."

For a moment she said nothing, then shook her head again.

"Issue your orders," he insisted. "I am waiting to obey."

She hesitated again, then said, slowly:

"Have your hair cut. It's the one uncivilized thing about you."

For an instant Samson's face hardened.

"No," he said; "I don't care to do that."

"Oh, very well!" she laughed lightly.

"In that event, of course, you shouldn't do it." But her smile faded, and after a moment he explained:

"You see, it wouldn't do."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that I've got to keep something as it was to remind me of a prior claim on my life."

For an instant the girl's face clouded and grew deeply troubled.

"You don't mean," she asked, with an outburst of interest more vehement than she had meant to show, or realized she was showing—"you don't mean that you still adhere to ideas of the vendetta?" Then she broke off with a laugh, a rather nervous laugh.

"Of course not," he answered herself. "That would be too absurd!"

"Would it?" asked Samson, simply. He glanced at his watch. "Two minutes up," he announced. "The model will please resume the pose. By the way, may I drive with you tomorrow afternoon?"

The next afternoon Samson ran up the street steps of the Lescott house and rang the bell, and a few moments later Adrienne appeared. The car was waiting outside, and, as the girl came down the stairs in motor coat and veil, she paused and her fingers on the banister tightened in surprise as she looked at the man who stood below holding his hat in his hand, with his face upturned. The well-shaped head was no longer marred by the mane which it had formerly worn, but was close cropped, and under the transforming influence of the change the forehead seemed bolder and higher, and to her thinking the strength of the purposeful features was enhanced, and yet, had she known it, the man felt that he had for the first time surrendered a point which meant an abandonment of something akin to principle.

She said nothing, but as she took his hand in greeting her fingers pressed his own in handclasp more lingering than usual.

Late that evening, when Samson returned to the studio, he found a mis-sive in his letter box, and, as he took it out, his eyes fell on the postmark. It was dated from Hixon, Kentucky, and, as the man slowly climbed the stairs, he turned the envelope over in his hand with a strange sense of mis-giving and premonition.

The letter was written in the cramped hand of Brother Spencer. Through its faulty diction ran a plainly discernible undertone of disapproval for Samson, though there was no word of reproof or criticism. It was plain that it was sent as a matter of courtesy to one who, having proved an apostate, scarcely merited such consideration. It informed him that old Spicer South had been "mighty porely," but was now better, barring the breaking of age. Everyone was "tolerable." Then came the announcement which the letter had been written to convey.

The term of the South-Hollman truce had ended, and it had been renewed for an indefinite period. "Some of your folks thought they ought to let you know because they promised to give you a say," wrote the informant. "But they decided that it couldn't hardly make no difference to you, since you have left the mountains, and if you cared anything about it, you knew the time, and could of been here. Hoping this finds you well."

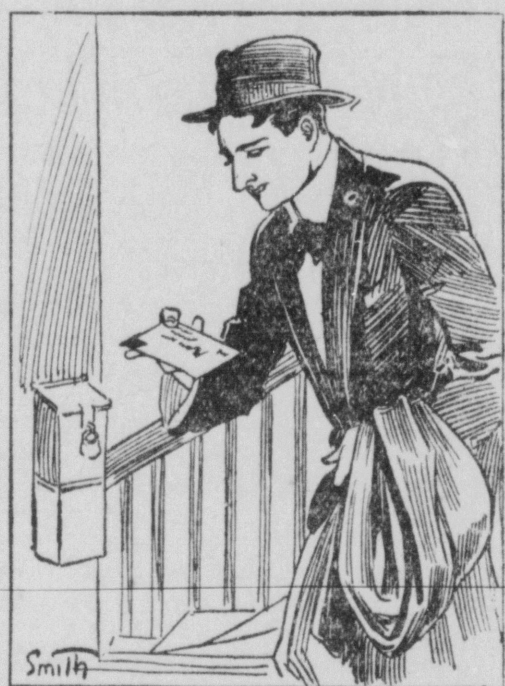
Samson's face clouded. He threw the soiled and scribbled mis-sive down on the table and sat with unseeing eyes fixed on the studio wall. So, they had cast him out of their councils! They already thought of him as one who had been.

In that passionate rush of feeling everything that had happened since he had left Misery seemed artificial and dreamlike. He longed for the realities that were forfeited. He wanted to press himself close to the great, gray shoulders of rock that boke through the greenery like giants tearing off soft raiment. Those were his people back there. He should be running with the wolf pack, not courting with beagles.

He had been telling himself that he was loyal and now he realized that he was drifting like the lotus eaters.

He rose and paced the floor, with teeth and hands clenched and the sweat standing out on his forehead. His advisers had of late been urging him to go to Paris. He had refused, and his unconfessed reason had been that in Paris he could not answer a sudden call. He would go back to them now and compel them to admit his leadership.

Then his eyes fell on the unfinished portrait of Adrienne. The face gazed at him with its grave sweetness; its fragrant subtlety and its fine-grained delicacy. Her pictured lips were silently arguing for the life he had found among strangers, and her victory would have been an easy one, but for the fact that just now his conscience seemed to be on the other side. Samson's civilization was two years old—a thin veneer over a century of feudalism—and now the century was thundering its call of blood bondage. But, as the man struggled over the dilemma, the pendulum swung back. The hundred years had left, also, a heritage of quickness and bitterness to resent injury and injustice. His own people had cast him out. They had branded him as the



His Eyes Fell on the Postmark.

deserter; they felt no need of him or his counsel. Very well, let them have it so. His problem had been settled for him. His Gordian knot was cut.

Sally and his uncle alone had his address. This letter, casting him out, must have been authorized by them, Brother Spencer acting merely as amanuensis. They, too, had repudiated him—and, if that were true, except for the graves of his parents, the hills had no tie to hold him.

"Sally, Sally!" he groaned, dropping his face on his crossed arms, while his shoulders heaved in an agony of heartbreak, and his words came in the old, crude syllables: "I loved you'd believe in me of hell froze!" He rose after that, and made a fierce gesture with his clenched fists. "All right," he said, bitterly, "I'm shet of the lot of ye. I'm done!"

But it was easier to say the words of repudiation than to cut the ties that were knotted about his heart.

With a ranking soul, the mountaineer left New York. He wrote Sally a brief note, telling her that he was going to cross the ocean, but his hurt pride forbade his pleading for her confidence, or adding, "I love you." He plunged into the art life of the "other side of the Seine," and worked voraciously. He was trying to learn much—and to forget much.

One sunny afternoon when Samson had been in the Quartier Latin for eight or nine months the concierge of his lodgings handed him, as he passed through the door, an envelope addressed in the hand of Adrienne Lescott. As he read it he felt a glow of pleasurable surprise, and, wheeling, he retraced his steps briskly to his lodgings, where he began to pack. Adrienne had written that she and her mother and Wilfred Horton were sailing for Naples, and commanded him, unless he were too busy, to meet their steamer. Within two hours he was bound for Lucerne to cross the Italian frontier by the slate-blue waters of Lake Maggiore.

A few weeks later Samson and Adrienne were standing together by moonlight in the ruins of the Coliseum. The junketing about Italy had been charming, and now in that circle of sepi softness and broken columns he looked at her and suddenly asked himself:

"Just what does she mean to you?"

If he had never asked himself that question before he knew now that it must some day be answered. Friendship had been a good and seemingly a sufficient definition. Now he was not so sure that it could remain so.

Then his thoughts went back to a cabin in the hills and a girl in calico. He heard a voice like the voice of a song bird saying through tears:

"I couldn't live without ye, Samson."

"I jest couldn't do hit!"

For a moment he was sick of his life. It seemed that there stood before him, in that place of historic wraiths and memories, a girl, her eyes sad, but loyal, and without reproof.

"You look," said Adrienne, studying his countenance in the pallor of the moonlight, "as though you were seeing ghosts."

"I am," said Samson. "Let's go."

Adrienne had not yet seen her portrait. Samson had needed a few hours of finishing when he left New York, though it was work which could be done away from the model. So it was natural that when the party reached Paris Adrienne should soon insist on crossing the Pont d'Alexandre III to his studio near the "Boule Mich" for an inspection of her commissioned canvas. For a while she wandered about the businesslike place, littered with the gear of the painter's craft. It was, in

a way, a form of mind-reading, for Samson's brush was the tongue of his soul.

The girl's eyes grew thoughtful as she saw that he still drew the leering, saturnine face of Jim Asberry. He had not outgrown hate, then? But she said nothing until he brought out and set on an easel her own portrait. For a moment she gasped with sheer delight for the colorful mastery of the technique, and she would have been hard to please had she not been delighted with the conception of herself mirrored in the canvas. It was a face through which the soul showed, and the soul was strong and flawless. The girl's personality radiated from the canvas—and yet—A disappointed little look crossed and clouded her eyes. She was conscious of an indefinable catch of pain at her heart.

Samson stepped forward, and his waiting eyes, too, were disappointed. "You don't like it, Drennie?" he anxiously questioned. But she smiled in answer, and declared:

"I love it."

He went out a few minutes later to telephone for her to Mrs. Lescott, and gave Adrienne carte blanche to browse among his portfolios and stacked canvases until his return. In a few minutes she discovered one of those efforts which she called his "rebellious pictures."

These were such things as he painted, using no model except memory perhaps, not for the making of finished pictures, but merely to give outlet to his feelings; an outlet which some men might have found in talk.

This particular canvas was roughly blocked in, and it was elementally simple, but each brush stroke had been thrown against the surface with the concentrated fire and energy of a blow, except the strokes that had painted the face, and there the brush seemed to kiss the canvas. The picture showed a barefooted girl, standing in barbaric simplicity of dress, in the glare of the arena, while a gaunt lion crouched eyeing her. Her head was lifted as though she were listening to faraway music. In the eyes was indomitable courage. That canvas was at once a declaration of love, and a miserere. Adrienne set it up beside her own portrait, and, as she studied the two with her chin resting on her gloved hand, her eyes cleared of questioning. Now she knew what she missed in her own more beautiful likeness. It had been painted with all the admiration of the mind. The other had been dashed off straight from the heart—and this other was Sally! She replaced the sketch where she had found it, and Samson returning found her busy with little sketches of the Seine.

"Drennie," pleaded Wilfred Horton, as the two leaned on the rail of the Mauretania, returning from Europe, "are you going to hold me off indefinitely? I've served my seven years for Rachel, and thrown in some extra time. Am I no nearer the goal?"

The girl looked at the oily heave of the leaden and cheerless Atlantic, and its somber tones found reflection in her eyes. She shook her head.

"I wish I knew," she said, wearily. Then she added vehemently: "I'm not worth it, Wilfred. Let me go. Chuck me out of your life as a little pig who can't read her own heart; who is too utterly selfish to decide upon her own life."

"Is it"—he put the question with foreboding—"that, after all, I was a prophet? Have you—and South—wiped your feet on the doormat marked 'Platonic friendship?' Have you done that, Drennie?"

She looked up into his eyes. Her own were wide and honest and very full of pain.

"No," she said, "we haven't done that, yet. I guess we won't. I think he'd rather stay outside, Wilfred. If I was sure I loved him, and that he loved me, I'd feel like a cheat—there is the other girl to think of."

And, besides, I'm not sure what I want myself. . . . But I'm horribly afraid I'm going to end by losing you both."

Horton stood silent. It was tea time, and from below came the strains of the ship's orchestra. A few ulster-muffled passengers gloomily paced the deck.

"You won't lose us both, Drennie," he said, steadily. "You may lose your choice—but, if you find yourself able to fall back on substitutes, I'll be there, waiting."

For once he did not meet her scrutiny, or know of it. His own eyes were fixed on the slow swing of heavy, gray-green waters. He was smiling, but it is as a man smiles when he confronts despair and pretends that everything is quite all right. The girl looked at him with a choke in her throat.

"Wilfred," she said, laying her hand on his arm, "I'm not worth worrying over. Really, I'm not. If Samson South proposed to me today, I know that I should refuse him. I am not at all sure that I am the least little bit in love with him. Only, don't you see I can't be quite sure I'm not? It would be horrible if we all made a mistake. May I have till Christmas to make up my mind for all time? I'll tell you then, dear, if you care to wait."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Noiseless.

Wife—Would it please you, dear, if I learned another language? Husband—Yes, it would delight me infinitely. Wife—Well, which one shall I study? Husband—The sign language.—Smart Set.

Advertise in the Republican. It pays.

# Temperance

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

## LIQUOR BUSINESS A PARASITE.

(By LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR WALLACE of California.)

Business is an exchange of commodities. It is buying and selling, and there must be advantage or gain in the barter. For continued commerce the gain must extend to both parties to the transaction. If the resultant advantage of a business deal inures to the benefit of one party only, there is an economic defect. The buyer must benefit by his purchase as truly as the seller by his sale. The buyer gets from the grocer flour, from the hardwareman nails, from the lumberman lumber, and in each case buyer and seller are benefited. The same buyer goes to the saloon to get wine or beer or whisky. The dealer makes a profit on the goods sold. But here is a break in our business principle. The buyer makes no gain. He parts with his share of the barter, and gets nothing valuable in return. At every other counter there was gain on both sides; here the gain was on one side only. The transaction limps; it is false to business principles. It represents economic waste.

The economic waste becomes a multiplied factor when the argument is extended to liquor's effect on the purchaser who consumes it. The liquor traffic is a parasite. Any business blood that it has sucked from the vigorous body of healthful business. It contributes nothing, but draws heavily. If a town or city prospers where traffic in liquor is allowed, its prosperity is less than it should be by just so much as liquor takes. It gives nothing, and what it takes is so much subtracted from the general gain.

## TWO SCENES.

(Excerpt from one of Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens' Annual Addresses.)

A young society woman, a total abstainer, remarked that it was very hard to make a strong argument in favor of total abstinence when there were so many moderate drinkers in her circle who were successful in business and happy in their home life. To this we say, in your circle you see but one section at one stage of action. Let us shift the scene a little.

A temperance specialist was permitted to sit in the office of a certain sanitarium while the patients came filing in with bared arms to take their semi-daily treatment. When the last one had passed out the doctor said, "In that line were representatives of many business enterprises, of educational institutions, of every profession; men who are still possessors of large wealth, and others who have wasted their fortunes and are now trying to get well that they may begin life anew."

## TOLL OF 2,000 A DAY.

According to Doctor Demme, who studied ten "temperate families" and ten "intemperate families" for 11 years in the same class of society, the deaths of children under five in the latter group were five times as many as in the former group—25 against five. Since the deaths below the age of five comprise 30 per cent. of all the deaths, it is evidently more than conservative to take the comparison of adult males given above as a measure of the ravages of alcohol for the total population, says Richmond P. Hobson, in "Alcohol and the Government." If we were a nation of total abstainers we would die off at the rate of 560 per 61,000 of the population, whereas we are actually dying off at a rate of 1,000 per 61,000. In other words, alcohol causes the premature death of 440 citizens out of every 61,000 of the population every year, which means that alcohol kills about 700,000 American citizens every year, about 2,000 a day every day the sun rises.

## MONEY TO RUN COUNTRY.

"Where will you get the money to run the country if you cut out the sale of liquor?" asks the liquor advocate.

"The best answer we know of," says the North American of Philadelphia, "is the action of Russia, England, France and Germany, which at a time when every cent that can be got is urgently needed for the conduct of the war, find it more profitable to reduce this revenue than to run the risks incidental upon the general use of alcoholic drinks among the soldiers and, as in Russia, the general public."

## DISTILLERS FEAR SOMETHING.

It is reported on good authority that the distillers of Peoria, Ill., will not make a lease for a longer term than five years, and some of them refuse to extend the time beyond two years. Evidently they fear something may happen in the state or the nation in the next few years.

## STATUS OF SALOONS.

The saloon stands in the same relation to the community as the gambler who fleeces a harvest hand and then lends him a dollar so he can get to his next job. That dollar is not benevolent or necessary; neither are saloon taxes.—Pacific Christian Advocate.

## WORKS BOTH WAYS.

If the soldier must give up alcohol because it interferes with his efficiency, why should not the civilian promote his efficiency by giving it up?—William Jennings Bryan.

# Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern R. R.

## TIME TABLE

East Bound.

Train No.	Arrives
12 Daily	4:37 a. m.
10 Sundays only	8:07 a. m.
4 Daily except Sunday	8:50 a. m.
2 Daily	3:45 p. m.
8 Daily except Sunday	4:22 p. m.
6 Daily	5:55 p. m.

West Bound.

Train No.	Arrives
9 Sundays only	3:47 a. m.
55 Daily except Sunday	4:59 a. m.
7 Daily except Sunday	10:20 a. m.
1 Daily	11:19 a. m.
11 Daily	2:00 p. m.
3 Daily	11:50 p. m.

Train Nos. 26 and 27 are discontinued.

E. MASSMAN, Agent.

W. P. TOWNSEND, D. P. A.,  
Vincennes, Ind.

Indianapolis, Columbus & Southern  
Traction Company.



In Effect October 7, 1913.

Northbound Cars Lv. Sey.	Southbound Cars Ar. Sey.
6:40 a. m. I	C. 6:20 a. m.
7:40 a. m. I	G. 7:28 a. m.
9:18 a. m. I	L. 9:00 a. m.
9:40 a. m. I	L. 9:10 a. m.
11:18 a. m. I	L. 11:00 a. m.
11:40 a. m. I	L. 11:10 a. m.
1:18 p. m. I	L. 1:00 p. m.
1:40 p. m. I	L. 2:10 p. m.
3:18 p. m. I	L. 3:00 p. m.
3:35 p. m. I	L. 4:10 p. m.
5:40 p. m. I	L. 5:00 p. m.
6:18 p. m. I	L. 6:10 p. m.
7:40 p. m. I	L. 7:00 p. m.
8:18 p. m. I	L. 8:00 p. m.
8:35 p. m. I	L. 9:10 p. m.
10:45 p. m. G	L. 10:00 p. m.
11:59 p. m. C	L. 11:40 p. m.

I—Indianapolis.  
C—Columbus.  
G—Greenwood.  
•—Hoosier Flyers.  
•—Dixie Flyers.

Cars make connections at Seymour with trains of the B. & O. and C. T. & S. E. Railroads for all points east and west of Seymour.

For rates and full information see agents and official time table folders in all cars.

General offices:—Indianapolis, Ind.



## When You

have your goods shipped by express, you receive quick service, but at a high express rate.

## Why Not

have your goods sent by inter-urban and receive quick service but at a low freight rate?

## Do You Know

you can order goods from Louisville today and receive them early tomorrow morning? Or, if you are in a hurry, you can send them out on a passenger car.

## Try This

service and you will be agreeably surprised at its promptness, and the care taken in handling your goods.

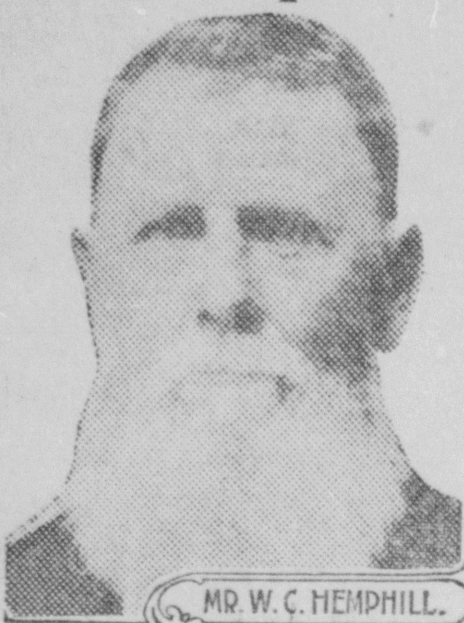
## "SoutheasternLine"

Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern Railway Company.

NORTHBOUND			
Leave	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3
Seymour	7:20 am	2:40 pm	
Bedford	7:28 am	4:07 pm	
Odion	10:13 am	5:30 pm	7:05 am
Elmira	10:25 am	5:46 pm	7:17 am
Beehunter	10:38 am	6:10 pm	7:3



# Old People Everywhere Say



*Peruna is good for Coughs, Colds, Catarrhal Diseases and after effects of the Grip.*

When I first knew of Peruna the druggists here did not keep it. Now they all keep it.

"I have lived in this place eighty-four years. I am a farmer. Was born where I live. I have three living children. Should you publish this in the papers it will reach many of my old friends. You can use my picture as you think proper." Mr. G. W. Roberts, R. F. D. 1, Box 35, Pickens, Miss.

**Eighty-two Years Old.**

"I had a severe attack of grip. I suffered terribly while it lasted. After my attack I sent for Peruna. My wife said I must have a doctor, but I insisted upon taking the Peruna, and made a quick and perfect recovery." Mr. J. R. Prince, R. R. 1, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

**Eighty-one Years Old.**

"I had nervous prostration. One doctor would say I had catarrh of stomach and bowels, another nervousness, and another enlargement of liver. Nothing seemed to do me much good. I commenced taking Peruna, which built me right up." Mrs. Martha Avery, 28 Graham St., Leominster, Mass.

**Seventy-eight Years Old.**

"I had catarrh of the head. Commenced taking Peruna and gained eleven pounds. It is a great medicine. A fair trial would convince any one of its efficacy." Mr. F. M. Joffron, Bogalusa, Louisiana.

Those who object to liquid medicines can now obtain Peruna Tablets.

# MADISON QUINTET LOSES TO LOCALS

High School Basket Ball Tossers Run Up Big Score on Visitors in a Fast Game—49 to 18.

SHELBYVILLE HERE TONIGHT

Local Five to Meet Strong Team Coached by Former Instructor —Good Game Expected

Playing with a patched up team, the local high school basket ball five snowed the Madison quintet under last night by a score of 49 to 18. Despite the fact that two of the regular team were out of the game, the local squad put up a fast article of ball and their passing was fast and their basket throwing accurate.

The game was more interesting than the one-sided score would indicate, and the crowd, which packed every corner of the gymnasium, found plenty of chances to give vent to their enthusiasm. The Madison lads started off in front and scored the first basket. For the first few minutes the two teams played evenly, then the purple and white athletes forged ahead and scored several baskets in succession, running the score up to 24 to 10 before the whistle blew.

The teams maintained about the same stride in the second half, the visitors registering 8 points and the home team 25. After the locals had secured a safe lead early in the game the only question was how decisive the victory would be, and each score was punctuated by the enthusiastic cheering by the high school rooting brigade. The Madison team is an old rival of the local five, but the students seemed to enjoy the crushing defeat which was handed them. The play of the locals was featured by the good work of Schleiter, the substitute center, who threw 13 baskets, some of which were on difficult chances.

Prof. J. E. Edwards, formerly of the local high school, will bring his Shelbyville team here tonight for a game with his old proteges, and as his team is reported to be a strong aggregation, an exciting game is expected.

Summary and score of the game: Madison—18. Cooley, F. Clay, F. Niehaus, F. Patton, F. Vail, C. Phillips, G. Ackerman, G. Klein, G. Shannon, G. Field goals—Madison, Patton 1; Vail 2; Phillips 2; Seymour, Schleiter 13; Cooley 4; Niehaus 3; Shannon 1; Summer 1.

Foul goals—Madison, Phillips 8; Seymour, Cooley 5.

Substitutions—Seymour, Summer for Niehaus.

Referee—Montgomery.

## Mrs. Jacob Hopple Dead.

Mrs. Mattie E. Hopple, wife of Jacob Hopple, died at 7 o'clock this morning at her home on East Brown street, after a long illness of complication of diseases. She had been in failing health for more than four years. She was born in Jackson county, near Reddington, October 13, 1848, making her exact age sixty-six years, three months and three days. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Snow. The deceased is survived by her husband, one son, W. C. Hopple, and four grandchildren. The funeral will occur Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, conducted by the Rev. J. H. Carnes, pastor of the First M. E. church. Burial at Riverview.

## Advertised List.

The following is a list of letters remaining in the Post Office at Seymour, Indiana and if not delivered in 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

## LADIES.

Miss Eda Buchanan.  
Mrs. Mary Dawson.  
Miss Lizzie Wheeler.

## MEN.

Mr. & Mrs. J. C. Dobyns.  
F. J. Moor.  
Mr. Frank Skinner.

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.  
January 11, 1915.

## Seymour Temperatures.

The following are the maximum and minimum temperatures as shown by the government thermometers at the Seymour volunteer weather observation station and reported by J. Thos. Hays, observer. The figures are for twenty-four hours ending at noon:

	Max.	Min.
January 16, 1915.	54	31

We do "Printing that Pleases."

# House Wiring Special

Offer Expires January 30th

Cottages, 3 rooms or more.....	\$1.50 per room
Two Story Houses.....	\$1.50 to \$2.00 per room
Drop Cords.....	50c to 75c per room
Chandeliers (100 in stock).....	\$1.25 to \$18.00 per room
Switches.....	75c to \$2.00 per room

All work guaranteed according to insurance inspection and repaired free of charge for one year. CALL AND SEE US.

# Neal Electric Co.

8½ East Second Street. Phone 46

## Classified Advertisements.

WANTED—Live wire salesman for local partner. All steel portable garages and large buildings. Permanent, profitable and very attractive proposition. The Ruby Manufacturing Company, Jackson, Michigan.

WANTED—Small, modern house to rent. What have you? Dr. E. G. Kye.

WANTED—Your furniture to repair. Phone 666. j16d

WANTED—Girl. 520 N. Walnut. j12dtf

FOR SALE—Good driving horse, very gentle, harness and buggy in good condition. Inquire here. j16d&w

FOR SALE—Good five room cottage, South Walnut street. Bargain \$1500.00. E. C. Bollinger. j13dtf

FOR SALE—The best five room cottage on West Fourth street, at a bargain. J. W. Bergdoll. j20d

FOR SALE—Plymouth Rock springers. Phone 642. K. B. Shields. j14d-tf

FOR SALE—Dark bay driving mare. Inquire here. j16d&w

FOR RENT—5 room house, summer kitchen and barn, South Bill street. Inquire E. S. Himebaugh, 312 East High street. j13-14-16d

FOR RENT—Furnished room, second floor, front. Heat and bath. Miss Roseberry, 518 N. Ewing street. Phone Main 84. j12dtf

FOR RENT—7 room cottage, bath, furnace, full basement. 411 N. Chestnut street. E. C. Bollinger. j16dtf

FOR RENT—Cottage, six rooms, bath, gas and electricity, \$14.00. Phone 380. j7d-tf

FOR RENT—7-room house with furnace on Indianapolis Ave. Travis Carter Co. j16dtf

ANY INTELLIGENT—Person may earn steady income corresponding for newspapers. Experience unnecessary. Address Press Corresponding Bureau, Washington, D. C. j19d

PUMP,—Well repairing. John W. Stegner, 26 East Laurel. Phone 429. d2-d&w

CAB SERVICE—If you need a cab call H. F. Cordes. Phone 280-R.

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen. Call at Republican office. d&w-tf

OLD PAPERS—Plenty of them at the Daily Republican office. Old newspapers 5c per bundle. Daily Republican. tg



(Copyright, by McClure Syndicate.)

## Weather Report.

Forecast for Indiana for Saturday and Sunday: Rain Saturday or Sunday night; Sunday local snows and much colder.

Republican Want Ads. Pay.

# Send Your Payments

To The Jackson County Loan & Trust Co.

# Christmas Savings Club

If you cannot come to the bank have someone come for you. Anyone may start a membership in your name and make your subsequent payments. If you prefer, the start and subsequent payments may be made by mail with convenience and satisfaction. With your remittance mail your name, address and state the class you want. To make future payments mail the card with the remittance and enclose a stamped return envelope.

**EASY SYSTEM OF SAVING.** Many do not save because they do not start; others start, but do not save systematically. This club provides the easiest possible method for the beginning of saving and for continued systematic saving. By saving a little every week for fifty weeks you will have \$12.50 to \$63.75.

We have 1c, 2c and 5c classes, increasing and decreasing, also classes for the payment of 25c, 50c or \$1.00 weekly.

We accept deposits in our regular saving department upon which we allow 3 per cent interest.

Open Monday and Saturday evening from 7 to 8 o'clock.

**Jackson County Loan & Trust Co.**

# LAUNDRY AND HOUSE-KEEPER'S SPECIALS

No. 1 Heavy Galvanized Tubs, each.....	39c
No. 2 Heavy Galvanized Tubs, each.....	45c
No. 3 Heavy Galvanized Tubs, each.....	49c
All Copper No. 8 Heavy Wash Boilers.....	\$2.49
Copper Bottom No. 8 Heavy Wash Boiler.....	98c
Old Style Wood Tubs, each.....	39c
\$1.00 Value Fiber Tubs, each.....	59c
Brass King Wash Boards, each.....	29c
\$3.50 Perfection Open Top Washer, now.....	\$2.98

(20 Bars Lenox Soap Free.)

Polo Laundry Soap made by Proctor and Gamble, 5 bars for.....	10c
Royal Laundry Soap, big 5c bar, a splendid soap, 2 for.....	5c
White Line Washing Powder, always 3 for.....	10c
Lamp Starch, per pound.....	4c
Argo Starch, box.....	4c
50 feet Bleached Sisal Clothes Lines, each.....	10c
100 feet Wire Clothes Lines, each.....	20c
\$1.00 Set Mrs. Potts' Nickel Plated Sad Irons, complete for.....	.79c
50c Fancy Handled 5-Tie Broom for.....	39c
45c Common Handled 5-Tie Broom for.....	33c
35c Common Handled 4-Tie Broom for.....	23c

# THE COUNTRY STORE

RAY R. KEACH, Prop. SEYMOUR, IND.  
Big January Clearance Sale begins Friday, January 15, 1915, continuing the balance of the month. See large circulars.

# Friday and Saturday Specials

Country Spare Ribs, per pound.....	15c
Country Back Bones, per pound.....	15c
Country Side Pork, per pound.....	15c
Country Fresh Ham, per pound.....	17c
Country Loins, per pound.....	20c
Country Sausage, 2 pounds for.....	35c
Country Dry Apples, 2 pounds for.....	15c
Country Honey, per pound.....	15c
Country Sorghum, per gallon.....	70c
N. O. Molasses, per gallon.....	70c
Old Fashion Buck Wheat, per pound.....	5c
Hickory Nuts, per peck.....	50c
Fresh Kale, per peck.....	25c
Radishes, 2 bunches.....	5c
Green Onions, per bunch.....	5c
Fancy Celery, per bunch.....	10c
Grimes Golden Apples, fancy, peck.....	25c
Lettuce, per pound.....	20c
Spanish Onions, per pound.....	6c
Carrots, per peck.....	30c
Parsnips, per peck.....	20c

# HOADLEY'S

## SEYMOUR MARKET.

Wagon Wheat.....	\$1.36
Corn.....	.65c
Straw, wheat, ton.....	\$6.00
Straw, oats, ton.....	\$7.30
Hay, timothy, loose.....	\$16@19
Hay, timothy, baled.....	\$16@19
Hay, clover, ton.....	\$14@16

## POULTRY.

Hens, per pound.....	.9c
Springs, 1½ and over, per lb.....	.9c
Guineas, apiece.....	.25c
Ducks, per pound.....	.8c
Geese, per pound.....	.7c
Old roosters, per pound.....	.7c
Turkeys, per pound.....	.13c
Old Toms, per pound.....	.11c
Pigeons, per dozen.....	.75c
Fresh eggs.....	.29c
Butter, per pound.....	.18c

## Indianapolis Cash Prices.

By United Press.

January 16, 1915.

## -WHEAT—Steady.

No. 2 red.....	\$1.39@1.41
No. 3 red.....	\$1.37@1.39
January.....	\$1.37½
February.....	\$1.38
March.....	\$1.38½

## CORN—Strong.

No. 3 white.....	.71 @71½
No. 4.....	.70½@71
No. 3 mixed.....	.70¾@71¼

## OATS—Steady.

No. 2 white.....	.54 @54½
No 3 mixed.....	.52¾@53¼



## A Welcome Pay Envelope

HONEST, old man, I don't know what we would have done without that AETNA ACCUMULATIVE ACCIDENT POLICY.

When a fellow lives on the "no-work-no-pay basis" and has nothing to fall back on, a cracked head and a broken arm don't get him anything. All he can do is sit around and wonder how the wife can scrape together enough to keep the family going. He just naturally worries himself twice as sick.

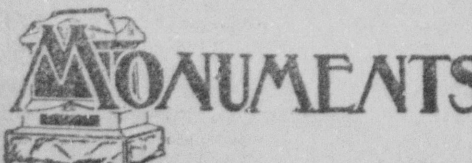
But this Aetna Accident Policy takes the place of the pay envelope. Gives you \$50 a week as long as you're totally disabled by your injuries and \$25 a week even though you are only partially disabled by them. Pays the bill for a surgical operation, too.

All you do is sit back and tell your broken head and arm: "All right, boys, take your time about healing. I'm provided for until you're fit again."

## AETNA-IZE

Safeguard YOUR income against accident. Protect YOUR home from want. Let us explain how easy it is—how cheap. Write or telephone.

**Harry M. Miller, Agent,**  
Blish Block, Seymour, Ind.



## MONUMENTS

No tribute is so appropriate as a monument carved from enduring granite.

It stands unchanged, preserving a memory through the long years.

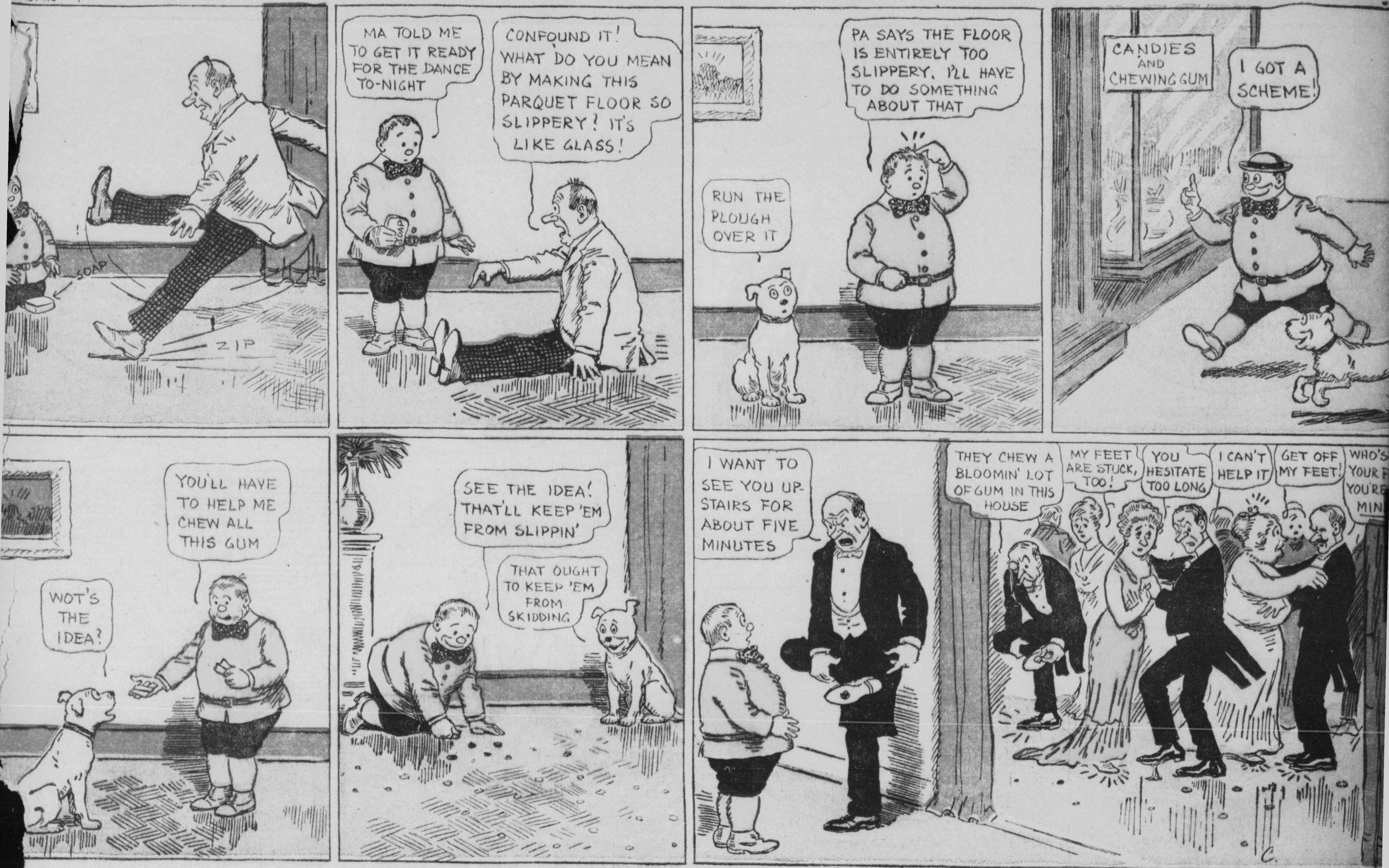
We invite you to see our special artistic designs before making a selection.

**VonFange Granite Co.**  
110 S. Chestnut St.

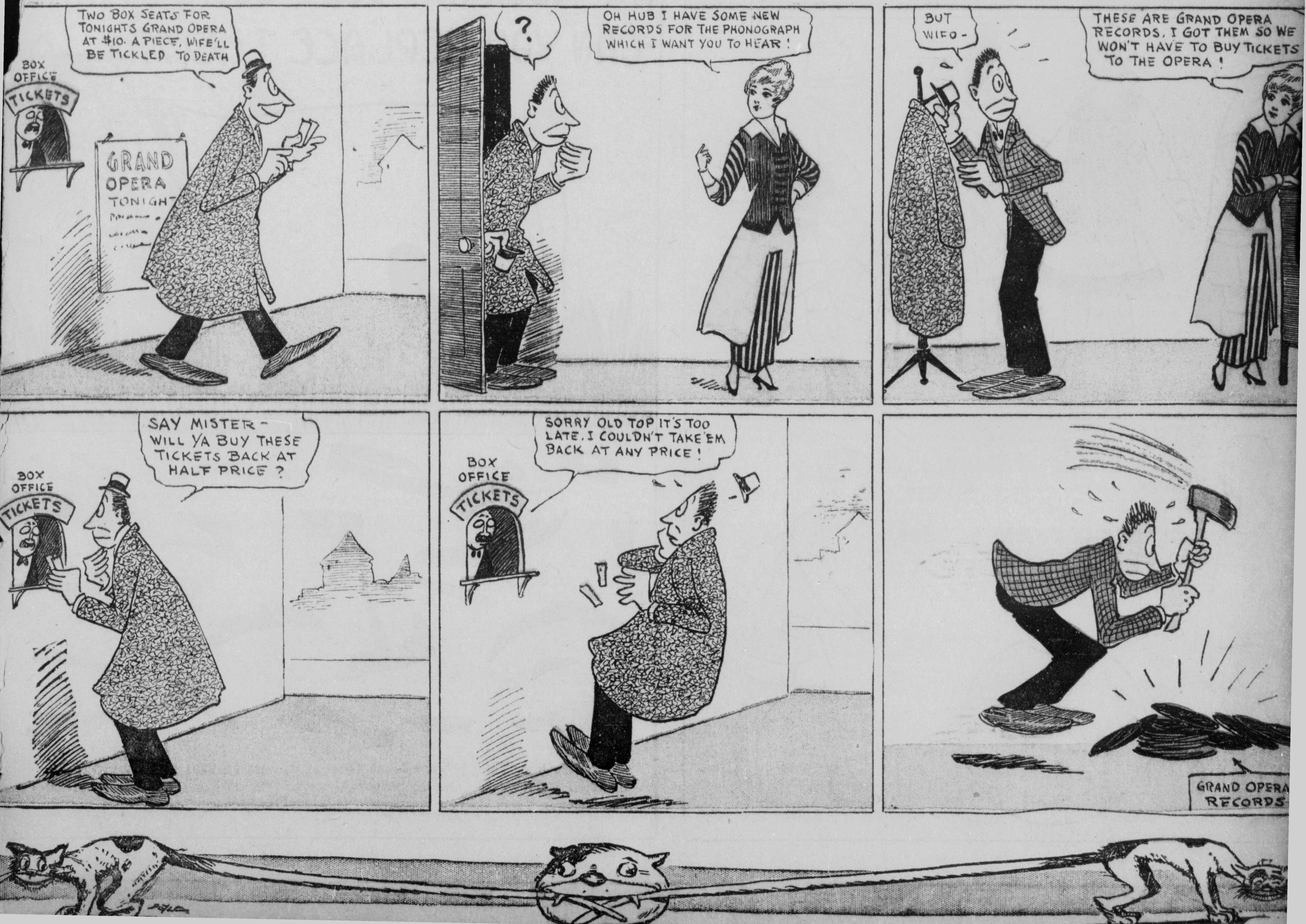
Notice.  
All persons who send laundry to me hereafter, bring it not later than 4 p. m. on Monday of each week.  
j16d RAY MILBURN,  
Phone 33. New Lynn Bldg.



# Clumsy Claude—He Fixes the Dance Floor



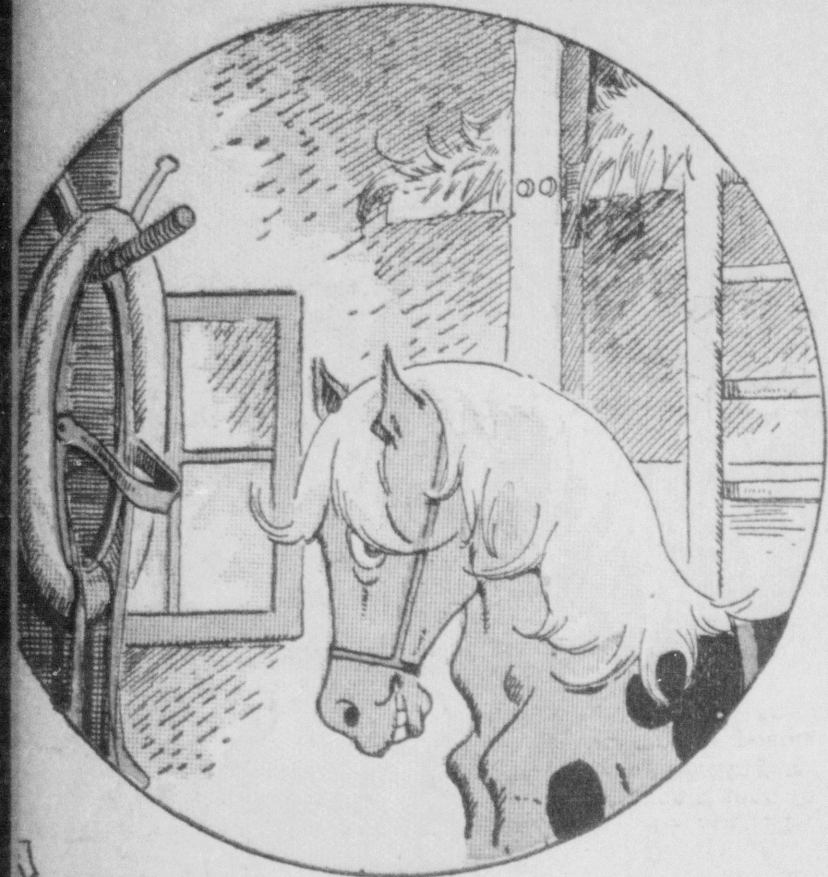
# Mrs. Timekiller Finds In Hub An Unappreciative Audience



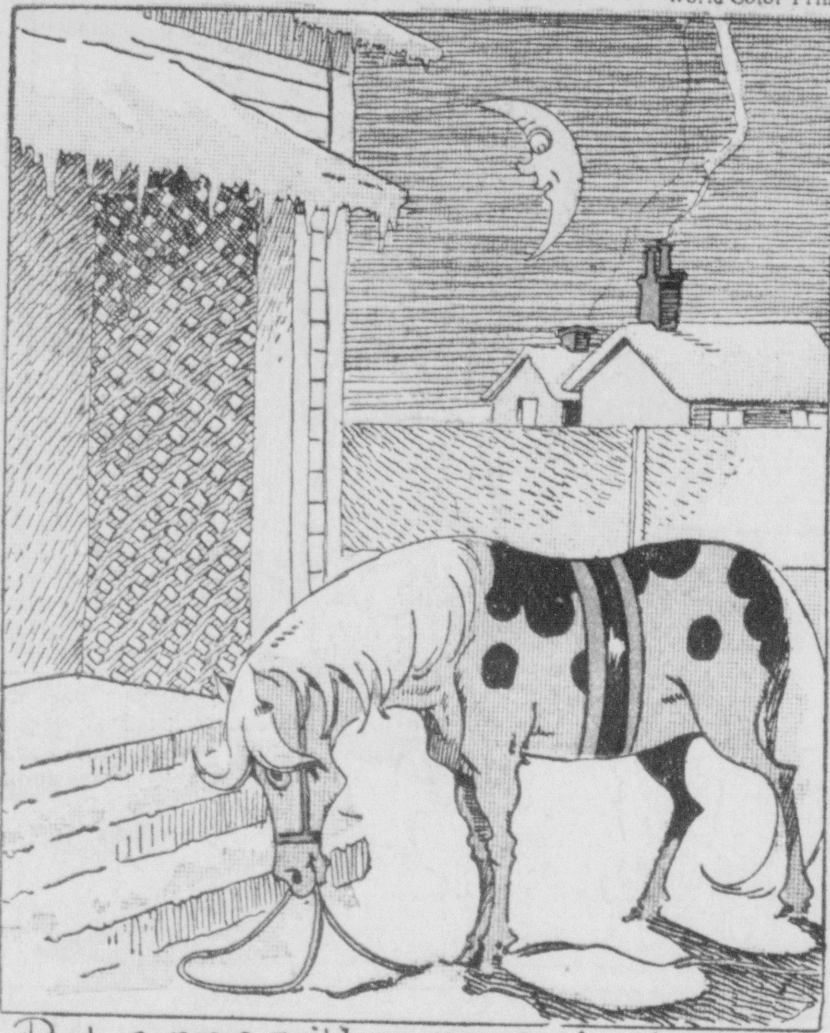


# Duke Captures a Burglar Who Doesn't Burgle!

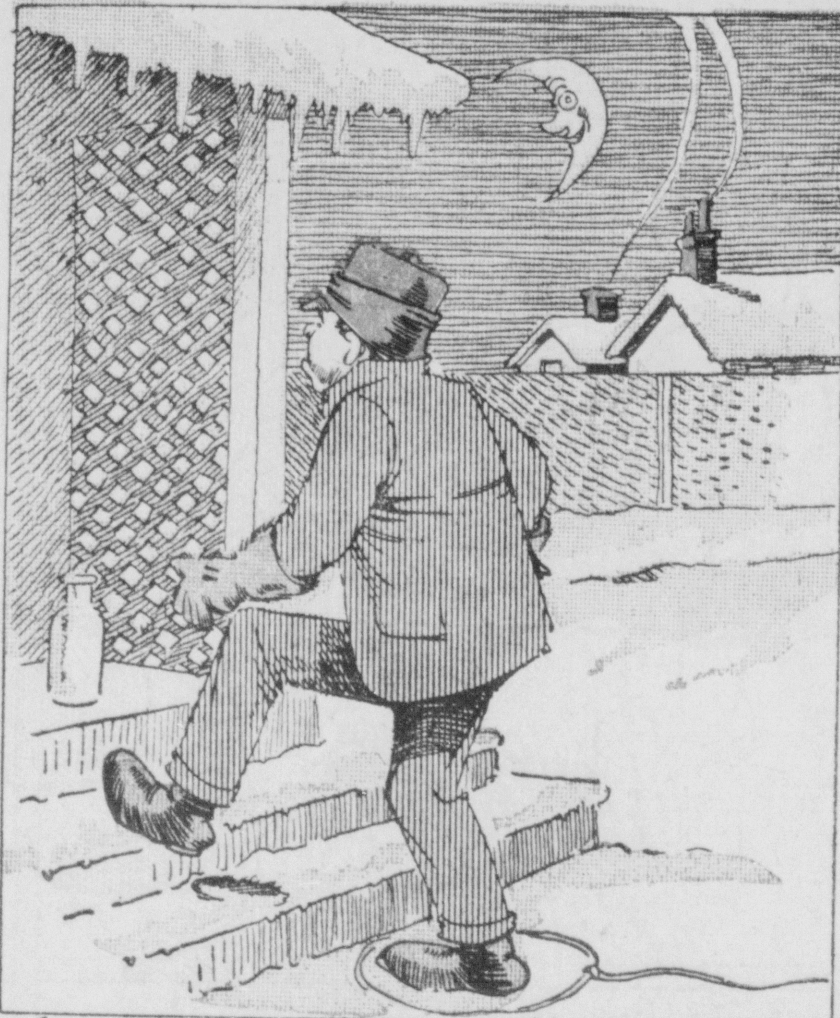
World Color Printing Co. St. Louis, Mo.



"h-h! there's a burglar who has been stealing our milk bottles. I'm going to show you how to get him—"



Put a rope with a noose in it just



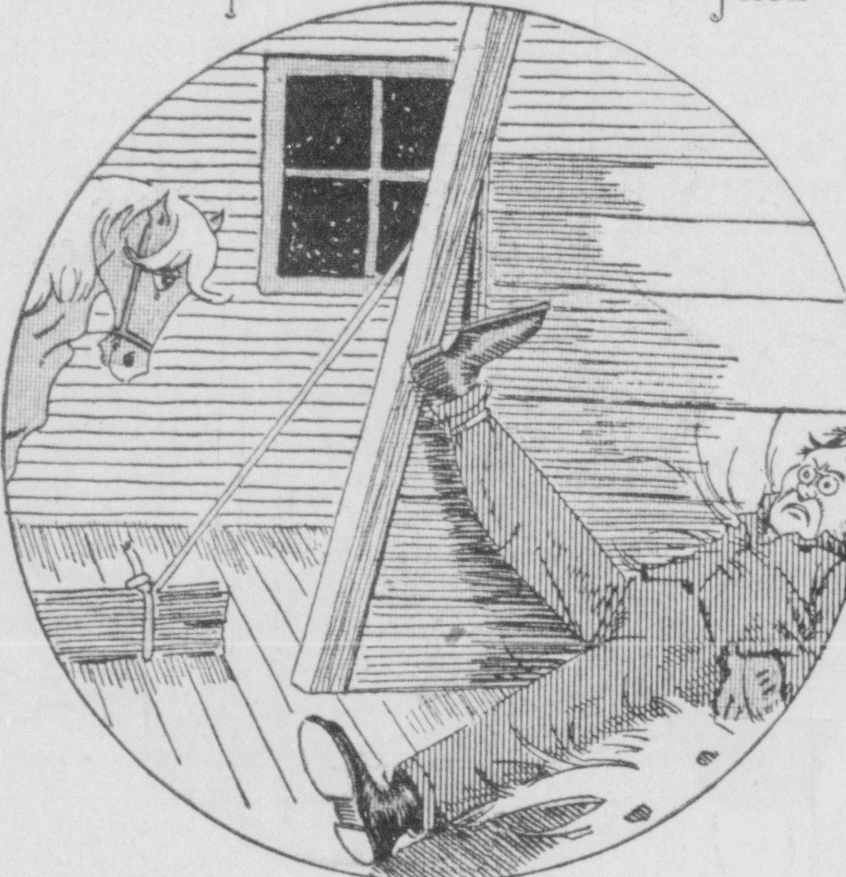
where Mr. Burglar will step in it—



When you have him good and sure—



Take him out to the barn—



—and tie him in a stall like this—



—then in the morning you can bring the folks out to see him—



—But, don't feel bad if Mr. Burglar should turn out to be the MILK MAN!

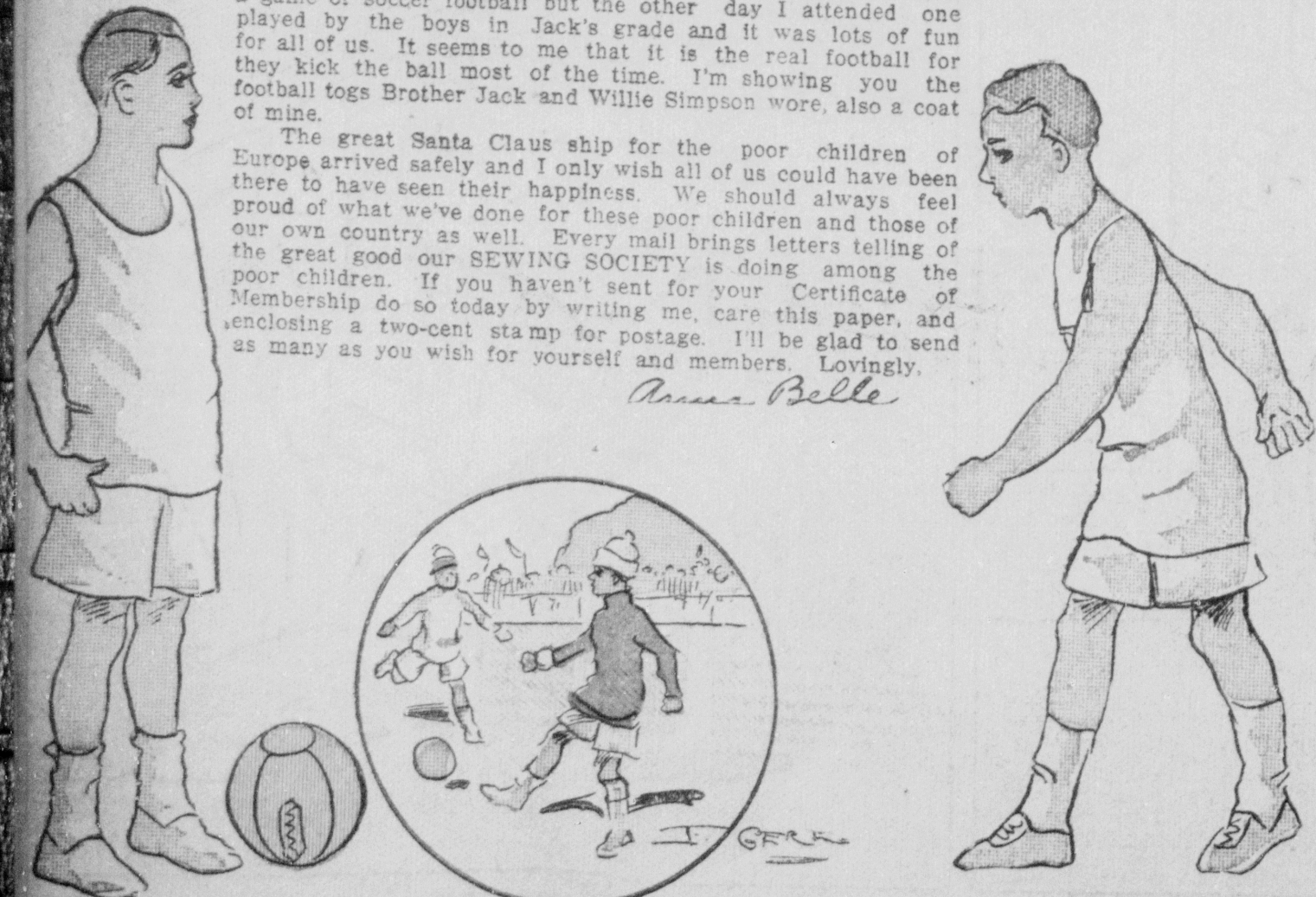
## ANNA BELLE Sees a Game of Soccer



Dear Friends:—I don't know whether you have ever seen a game of soccer football but the other day I attended one played by the boys in Jack's grade and it was lots of fun for all of us. It seems to me that it is the real football for they kick the ball most of the time. I'm showing you the football togs Brother Jack and Willie Simpson wore, also a coat of mine.

The great Santa Claus ship for the poor children of Europe arrived safely and I only wish all of us could have been there to have seen their happiness. We should always feel proud of what we've done for these poor children and those of our own country as well. Every mail brings letters telling of the great good our SEWING SOCIETY is doing among the poor children. If you haven't sent for your Certificate of Membership do so today by writing me, care this paper, and enclosing a two-cent stamp for postage. I'll be glad to send as many as you wish for yourself and members. Lovingly,

Anna Belle



## MR. TIGER HAS LOST SOME STRIPES -CAN YOU REPLACE THEM?



This Poor Tiger Is Very Much Grieved Because He Has Lost Several of His Beautiful Stripes. Cut Out the Stripes Above and See If You Can Paste Them On Mr. Tiger In Their Correct Positions? This Is a Dandy Party Puzzle.

